



Counting Numbers





































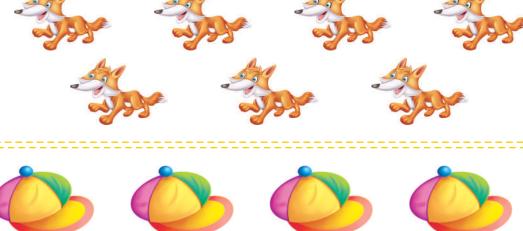




(2)

4











Counting Numbers From 1 to 50

1	One	26	Twenty six
2	Two	27	Twenty seven
3	Three	28	Twenty eight
4	Four	29	Twenty nine
5	Five	30	Thirty
6	Six	31	Thirty one
7	Seven	32	Thirty two
8	Eight	33	Thirty three
9	Nine	34	Thirty four
10	Ten	35	Thirty five
11	Eleven	36	Thirty six
12	Twelve	37	Thirty seven
13	Thirteen	38	Thirty eight
14	Fourteen	39	Thirty nine
15	Fifteen	40	Forty
16	Sixteen	41	Forty one
17	Seventeen	42	Forty two
18	Eighteen	43	Forty three
19	Nineteen	44	Forty four
20	Twenty	45	Forty five
21	Twenty one	46	Forty six
22	Twenty two	47	Forty seven
23	Twenty three	48	Forty eight
24	Twenty four	49	Forty nine
25	Twenty five	50	Fifty
4	4 1 8	2	1 1









Counting Numbers From 51 to 100

51	Fifty one	76	Seventy six
52	Fifty two	77	Seventy seven
53	Fifty three	78	Seventy eight
54	Fifty four	79	Seventy nine
55	Fifty five	80	Eighty
56	Fifty six	81	Eighty one
57	Fifty seven	82	Eighty two
58	Fifty eight	83	Eighty three
59	Fifty nine	84	Eighty four
60	Sixty	85	Eighty five
61	Sixty one	86	Eighty six
62	Sixty two	87	Eighty seven
63	Sixty three	88	Eighty eight
64	Sixty four	89	Eighty nine
65	Sixty five	90	Ninety
66	Sixty six	91	Ninety one
67	Sixty seven	92	Ninety two
68	Sixty eight	93	Ninety three
69	Sixty nine	94	Ninety four
70	Seventy	95	Ninety five
71	Seventy one	96	Ninety six
72	Seventy two	97	Ninety seven
73	Seventy three	98	Ninety eight
74	Seventy four	99	Ninety nine
75	Seventy five	100	Hundred













UT'S UGRI)

				The state of the last of
1	×	1	=	1
1	×	2		2
1_	×	3		3
1	X	4		4
1	×	5~		5 -
1	×	6		6
1	×	7	Ξ	7
1	×	8		8
1.	×	9	=	9
1	×	10	=	10

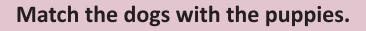
UT'S UNDERSIAND

0	+-	1	=	
0	+	2		2_
0	+	3		3
0	+	4		4
0	+	5	=	5 -
0	+	6	=	6
0	+	7	=	7
0	+	8		8
0_	+	9	=	9
0	+	10	=	10

UT'S SPEEK

1 times 1 is equal to 1
2 times 1 is equal to 2
3 times 1 is equal to 3
4 times 1 is equal to 4
5 times 1 is equal to 5
6 times 1 is equal to 6
7 times 1 is equal to 7
8 times 1 is equal to 8
9 times 1 is equal to 9
10 times 1 is equal to 10

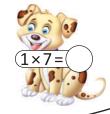
Let's Perform











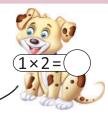














TABLE OF (2)



UT'S UGARD

2	X	1		2	-
2	×	2	=	4	
2	×	3		6	
2	X	4	-	8	
2	×	5~	=	10	
2	×	6	E	12	_
2_	×	7		14	
2	×	8	1	16	
2_	X	9	Ē	18	
2	X	10	=	20	

UT'S UNDERSTAND

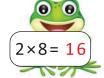
1	+	1		2
2	+	2		4
3	+	3	=	6
4	+-	4	-	8
5	+	5	=	10
6	+	6	=	12
7_	+	7	=	14
8	+	8		16
9	+	9	=	18
10	+	10	=	20

UT'S SPEAK

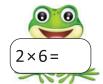
1 times 2 is equal to 2
2 times 2 is equal to 4
3 times 2 is equal to 6
4 times 2 is equal to 8
5 times 2 is equal to 10
6 times 2 is equal to 12
7 times 2 is equal to 14
8 times 2 is equal to 16
9 times 2 is equal to 18
10 times 2 is equal to 20

Let's Perform

Solve the following. One is done for you.

























UT'S UERD

3	X	1	J	3
3	X	2		6
3	×	3		9
3	×	4	-	12
3	×	5	=	15
3	×	6	=	18
3_	×	7	=	21
3	×	8		24
3_	×	9	=	27
3	×	10	=	30

UT'S UNDERSIGND

0	+_	3		3_
3	+	3		6
6	+	3		9
9	+-	3		12
12	+	3		15
15	+	3	=	18
18	+	3		21
21	+	3		24
24	+	3		27
27	+	3	=	30

LET'S SPEAK

1 times 3 is equal to 3
2 times 3 is equal to 6
3 times 3 is equal to 9
4 times 3 is equal to 12
5 times 3 is equal to 15
6 times 3 is equal to 18
7 times 3 is equal to 21
8 times 3 is equal to 24
9 times 3 is equal to 27
10 times 3 is equal to 30

Let's Perform













 3×2

 3×5

 3×8

 3×4

 3×6



UT'S UERD

4	X	1) <u>i</u>	4
4	X	2	=	8
4	X	3		12
4	X	4	-	16
4	×	5		20
4	×	6		24
4_	×	7		28
4	×	8		32
4	×	9	=	36
4	X	10		40

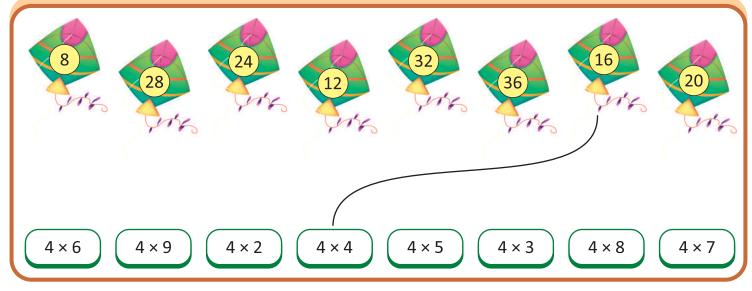
UT'S UNDERSTAND

0	+_	4	=	4_
4	+	4		8_
8	+	4		12
12	+	4	-	16
16	+	4	_=	20
20	+	4	==	24
24	+	4	-	28
28	+	4	=	32
32	+	4		36
36	+	4		40

UT'S SPEAK

1 times 4 is equal to 4
2 times 4 is equal to 8
3 times 4 is equal to 12
4 times 4 is equal to 16
5 times 4 is equal to 20
6 times 4 is equal to 24
7 times 4 is equal to 28
8 times 4 is equal to 32
9 times 4 is equal to 36
10 times 4 is equal to 40

Let's Perform







UT'S UGARD

5	×	1	=	5
5	×	2		10
5	×	3		15
5	×	4		20
5	×	5	=	25
5	×	6		30
5	×	7		35
5	×	8		40
5	×	9		45
5	X	10		50

UT'S UNDESTAND

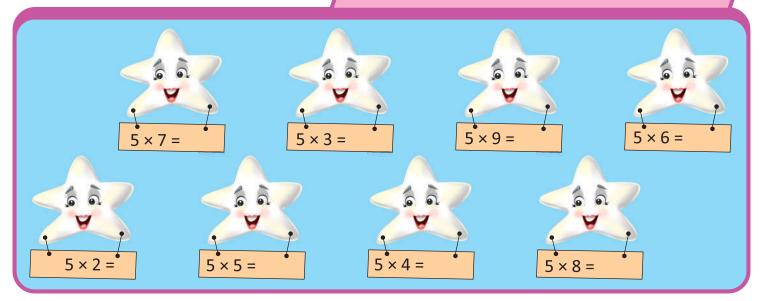
0	+_	5		5
5	+	5		10
10	+	5		15
15	+-	5	-	20
20	+	5	_=_	25
25	+	5	=	30
30	+	5	=	35
35	+	5		40
40	+	5	=	45
45	+	5	=	50

LET'S SPEEK

1 times 5 is equal to 5
2 times 5 is equal to 10
3 times 5 is equal to 15
4 times 5 is equal to 20
5 times 5 is equal to 25
6 times 5 is equal to 30
7 times 5 is equal to 35
8 times 5 is equal to 40
9 times 5 is equal to 45
10 times 5 is equal to 50

Let's Perform

Solve the following.





UT'S UERD

6	X	1	1	6
6	X	2		12
6	×	3		18
6	X	4		24
6	X	5~		30
6	X	6		36
6	X	7		42
6	X	8	1	48
6	X	9		54
6	×	10	=	60

UT'S UNDERSIGND

0	+	6	-	6
6	+	6		12
12	+	6		18
18	+-	6		24
24	+	6	-	30
30	+	6	=	36
36	+	6	=	42
42	+	6		48
48	+	6	=	54
54	+	6	=	60

LET'S SPEEK

1 times 6 is equal to 6
2 times 6 is equal to 12
3 times 6 is equal to 18
4 times 6 is equal to 24
5 times 6 is equal to 30
6 times 6 is equal to 36
7 times 6 is equal to 42
8 times 6 is equal to 48
9 times 6 is equal to 54
10 times 6 is equal to 60

Let's Perform

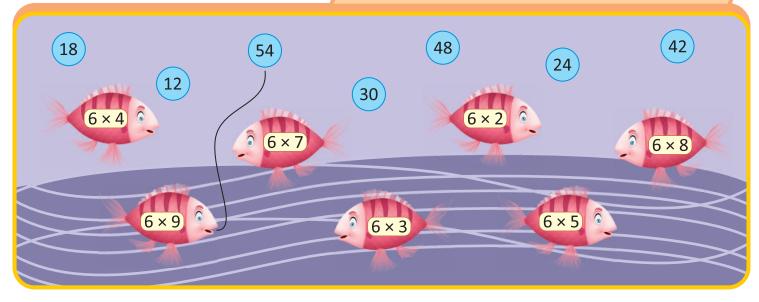




TABLE OF T



UT'S UARD

-				The same of	-
7	×	1	<u></u>	7_	_
7	X	2		14	
7	×	3		21	
7	×	4		28	
7	×	5		35	
7	×	6		42	_
7	×	7		49	
7	×	8		56	
7_	×	9	=	63	
7		10	_	70	

UT'S UNDERSTAND

0	+	7	=	- 7
7	+	7		14
14	+	7		21
21	+-	7		28
28	+	7	=	35
35	+	7	=	42
42	+	7	=	49
49	+	7	=	56
56	+	7	=	63
63	+	7	=	70

UT'S SPEEK

1 times 7 is equal to 7
2 times 7 is equal to 14
3 times 7 is equal to 21
4 times 7 is equal to 28
5 times 7 is equal to 35
6 times 7 is equal to 42
7 times 7 is equal to 49
8 times 7 is equal to 56
9 times 7 is equal to 63
10 times 7 is equal to 70

Let's Perform

Solve the following.

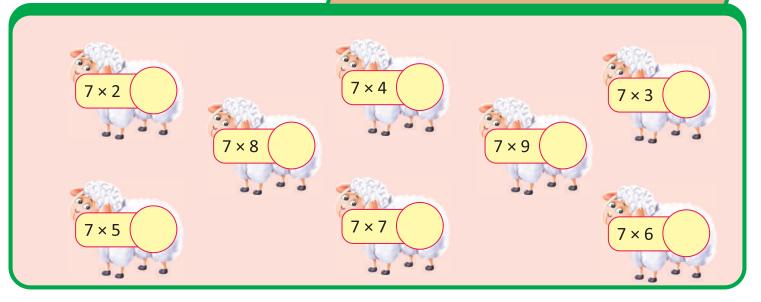


TABLE OF (3)



UT'S UGARD

The second second				The same of the same of
8	×	1	-	8_
8	×	2	E	16
8	×	3		24
8	×	4	_	32
8	×	5		40
8	×	6	Ē	48
8	×	7		56
8	×	8		64
8_	×	9	=	72
8	×	10	1	80

UT'S UDDESTAND

0	+	8		8
8	+	8		16
16	+	8	=	24
24	+-	8	-	32
32	+	8	=	40
40	+	8		48
48	+	8	=	56
56	+	8	=	64
64	+	8	=	72
72	+	8	=	80

LET'S SPEEK

1 times 8 is equal to 8
2 times 8 is equal to 16
3 times 8 is equal to 24
4 times 8 is equal to 32
5 times 8 is equal to 40
6 times 8 is equal to 48
7 times 8 is equal to 56
8 times 8 is equal to 64
9 times 8 is equal to 72
10 times 8 is equal to 80

Let's Perform

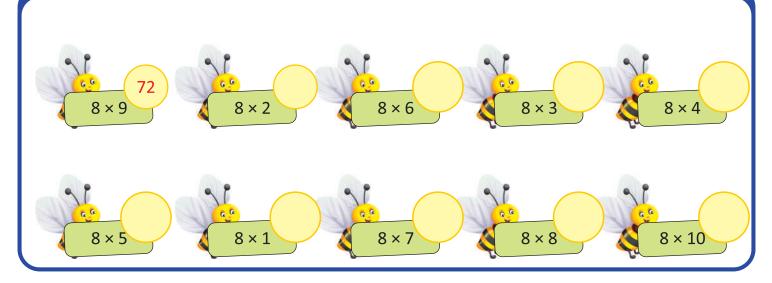


TABLE OF (9)



UT'S UGARD

	_			
9	×	1	<u>:</u>	9
9	×	2		18
9	×	3		27
9	X	4		36
9	X	5		45
9	×	6		54
9	×	7		63
9	×	8		72
9	X	9		81
9	×	10	=	90

UT'S UNDERSTAND

0	+	9	=	9_
9	+	9		18
18	+	9		27
27	+-	9		36
36	+	9	=	45
45	+	9	=	54
54	+	9	=	63
63	+	9		72
72	+	9	-	81
81	+	9	E	90

UT'S SPEAK

1 times 9 is equal to 9
2 times 9 is equal to 18
3 times 9 is equal to 27
4 times 9 is equal to 36
5 times 9 is equal to 45
6 times 9 is equal to 54
7 times 9 is equal to 63
8 times 9 is equal to 72
9 times 9 is equal to 81
10 times 9 is equal to 90

Let's Perform

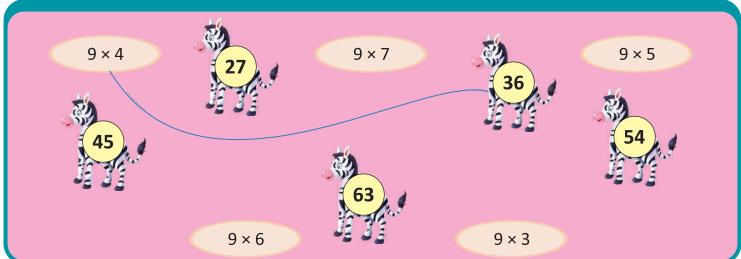


TABLE OF (1)



UT'S UERD

	_			-
10	X	1	-	10_
10	X	2		20
10	×	3		30
10	X	4		40
10	X	5		50
10	×	6		60
10	×	7		70
10	×	8		80
10	×	9	Ē	90
10	×	10	=	100

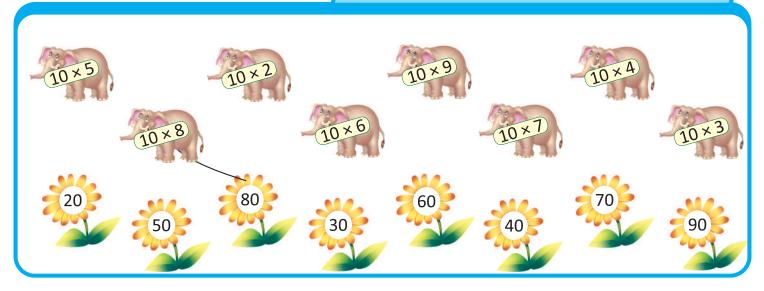
UT'S UDDESTAND

0	+	10		10
10	+	10		20
20	+	10		30
30	+	10		40
40	+	10		50
50	+	10	=	60
60	+	10	E	70
70	+	10		80
80	+	10		90
90	+	10	=	100

UT'S SPEAK

1 times 10 is equal to 10
2 times 10 is equal to 20
3 times 10 is equal to 30
4 times 10 is equal to 40
5 times 10 is equal to 50
6 times 10 is equal to 60
7 times 10 is equal to 70
8 times 10 is equal to 80
9 times 10 is equal to 90
10 times 10 is equal to 100

Let's Perform



MULTIPLICATION CHART OF 11 TO 20

×	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
2	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20
3	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30
4	4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40
5	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
6	6	12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60
7	7	14	21	28	35	42	49	56	63	70
8	8	16	24	32	40	48	56	64	72	80
9	9	18	27	36	45	54	63	72	81	90
10	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100

EXERCISE

Fill in the boxes:



Fill in the boxes:

TABLE OF (1)



LET'S LEARN

11	×	1	j.	11_
11	X	2		22
11	X	3		33
11	×	4		44
11	X	5	=	55
11	×	6	E	66
11	×	7	=	77
11	×	8	Ē	88
11	X	9	=	99
11	-	10		110

UT'S UNDERSTAND

0	+	11	=	11_
11	+	11		22
22	+	11		33
33	+	11	-	44
44	+	11	=	55
55	+	11	=	66
66	+	11	=	77
77	+	11		88
88	+	11	=	99
99	+	11	=	110

UT'S SPEAK

1 times 11 is equal to 11
2 times 11 is equal to 22
3 times 11 is equal to 33
4 times 11 is equal to 44
5 times 11 is equal to 55
6 times 11 is equal to 66
7 times 11 is equal to 77
8 times 11 is equal to 88
9 times 11 is equal to 99
10 times 11 is equal to 110

Let's Perform

Solve the following.

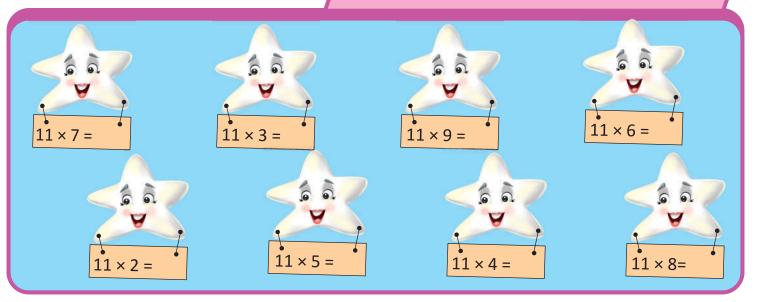


TABLE OF (2)



UT'S UERD

				The same of the sa
12	×	1		12
12	×	2		24
12	×	3	Ē	36
12	X	4		48
12	×	5		60
12	×	6		72
12	×	7		84
12	×	8		96
12	×	9	=	108
12	×	10	=	120

UT'S UDDESTAND

0	+	12	=	12
12	+	12		24
24	+	12		36
36	+	12		48
48	+	12	=	60
60	+	12	=	72
72	+	12		84
84	+	12		96
96	+	12		108
108	+	12	=	120

LET'S SPEEK

1 times 12 is equal to 12
2 times 12 is equal to 24
3 times 12 is equal to 36
4 times 12 is equal to 48
5 times 12 is equal to 60
6 times 12 is equal to 72
7 times 12 is equal to 84
8 times 12 is equal to 96
9 times 12 is equal to 108
10 times 12 is equal to 120

Let's Perform

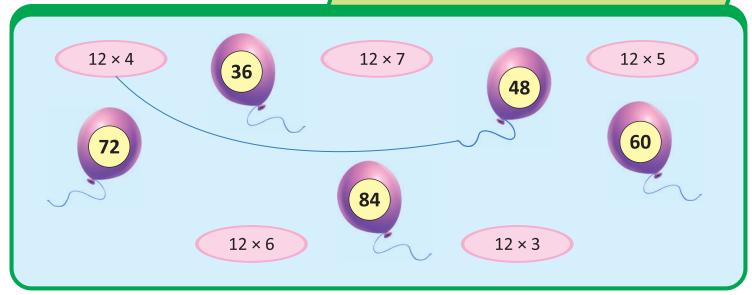


TABLE OF (E)



UT'S UGARD

The second second	The same of the sa		Name and Address of the Owner, where
13	×	1	= 13
13	×	2	= 26
13	×	3	= 39
13	×	4	= 52
13	×	5	= 65
13	×	6	= 78
13	×	7	= 91
13	×	8	= 104
13	×	9	= 117
13	×	10	= 130

UT'S UNDERSTAND

0	+ 13		13
13	+ 13	_=	26
26	+ 13		39
39	+ 13		52
52	+ 13	_=	65
65	+ 13	=	78
78	+ 13	=	91
91	+ 13		104
104	+ 13	=	117
117	+ 13	=	130

LET'S SPEEK

1 times 13 is equal to 13
2 times 13 is equal to 26
3 times 13 is equal to 39
4 times 13 is equal to 52
5 times 13 is equal to 65
6 times 13 is equal to 78
7 times 13 is equal to 91
8 times 13 is equal to 104
9 times 13 is equal to 117
10 times 13 is equal to 130

Let's Perform

Solve the following.

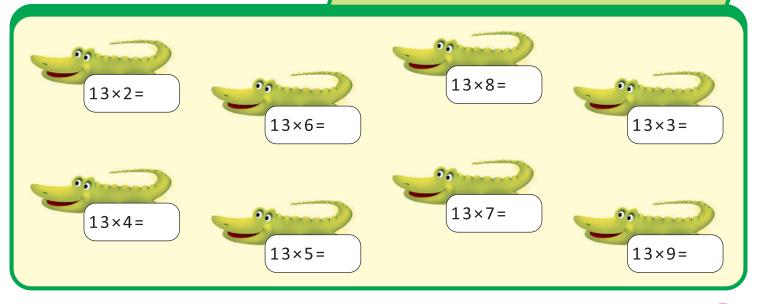




TABLE OF (1)



UT'S UGARIO

-			The same of the sa	
14	X	1	= 14	,
14	×	2	= 28	
14	×	3	= 42	
14	×	4	= 56	
14	X	5	= 70	
14	×	6	= 84	_
14	×	7	= 98	
14	×	8	= 112	
14	×	9	= 126	
14	X	10	= 140	

UT'S UNDERSTAND

+	14	= 14_
+	14	= 28
+	14	= 42
+	14	= 56
+	14	= 70
+	14	= 84
+	14	= 98
+	14	= 112
+	14	= 126
+	14	= 140
	+ + + + + + +	+ 14 + 14 + 14 + 14 + 14 + 14 + 14

LET'S SPEAK

1 times 14 is equal to 14
2 times 14 is equal to 28
3 times 14 is equal to 42
4 times 14 is equal to 56
5 times 14 is equal to 70
6 times 14 is equal to 84
7 times 14 is equal to 98
8 times 14 is equal to 112
9 times 14 is equal to 126
10 times 14 is equal to 140

Let's Perform

Solve the following.

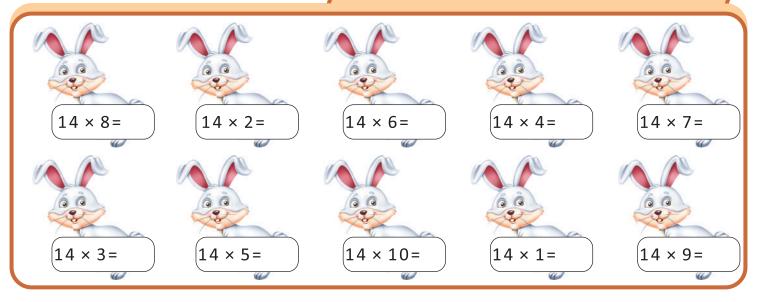


TABLE OF (5)



UT'S UGARD

	The same of the sa		The second second
15	×	1	= 15
15	X	2	= 30
15	×	3	= 45
15	X	4	= 60
15	×	5	= 75
15	×	6	= 90
15	×	7	= 105
15	X	8	= 120
15	×	9	= 135
15	×	10	= 150

UT'S UNDERSTAND

0	+	15	= 15
15	+	15	= 30
30	+	15	= 45
45	+	15	= 60
60	+	15	= 75
75	+	15	= 90
90	+	15	= 105
105	+	15	= 120
120	+	15	= 135
135	+	15	= 150

UT'S SPEAK

1 times 15 is equal to 15

2 times 15 is equal to 30
3 times 15 is equal to 45
4 times 15 is equal to 60
5 times 15 is equal to 75
6 times 15 is equal to 90
7 times 15 is equal to 105
8 times 15 is equal to 120
9 times 15 is equal to 135
10 times 15 is equal to 150

Let's Perform

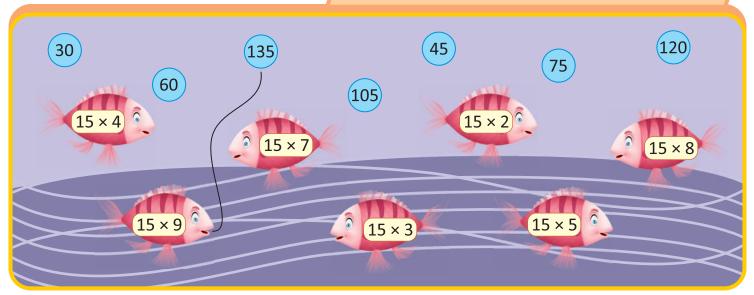




TABLE OF (6)



UT'S UGARD

			The same of the sa
16	X	1	= 16
16	X	2	= 32
16	X	3	= 48
16	X	4	= 64
16	X	-5 ~	= 80
16	X	6	= 96
16	X	7	= 112
16	X	8	= 128
16	X	9	= 144
16	X	10	= 160

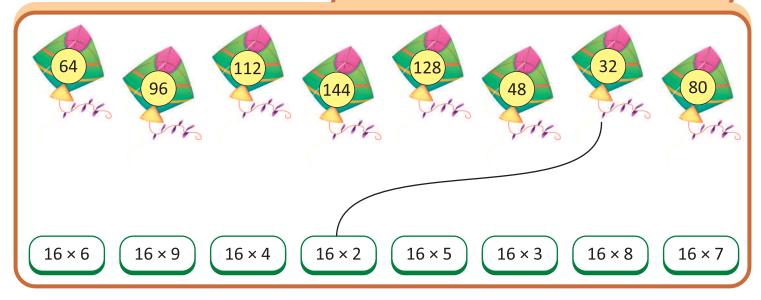
UT'S UNDERSTAND

0	+	16	= 16
16	+	16	= 32
32	+	16	= 48
48	+	16	= 64
64	+	16	= 80
80	+	16	= 96
96	+	16	= 112
112	+	16	= 128
128	+	16	= 144
144	+	16	= 160

UT'S SPEAK

1 times 16 is equal to 16
2 times 16 is equal to 32
3 times 16 is equal to 48
4 times 16 is equal to 64
5 times 16 is equal to 80
6 times 16 is equal to 96
7 times 16 is equal to 112
8 times 16 is equal to 128
9 times 16 is equal to 144
10 times 16 is equal to 160

Let's Perform







UT'S UGARD

17	×	1	= 17
17	×	2	= 34
17	×	3	= 51
17	X	4	= 68
17	X	-5 ~	= 85
17	×	6	= 102
17	×	7	= 119
17	×	8	= 136
17	×	9	= 153
17		10	- 170

UT'S UNDERSTAND

0	+	17	= 17_
17	+	17	= 34
34	+	17	= 51
51	+	17	= 68
68	+	17	= 85
85	+	17	= 102
102	+	17	= 119
119	+	17	= 136
136	+	17	= 153
153	+	17	= 170

UT'S SPEAK

1 times 17 is equal to 17 2 times 17 is equal to 34) 3 times 17 is equal to 51 4 times 17 is equal to 68 5 times 17 is equal to 85 6 times 17 is equal to 102 7 times 17 is equal to 119 8 times 17 is equal to 136 9 times 17 is equal to 153 10 times 17 is equal to 170

Let's Perform

Solve and match the correct numeral.

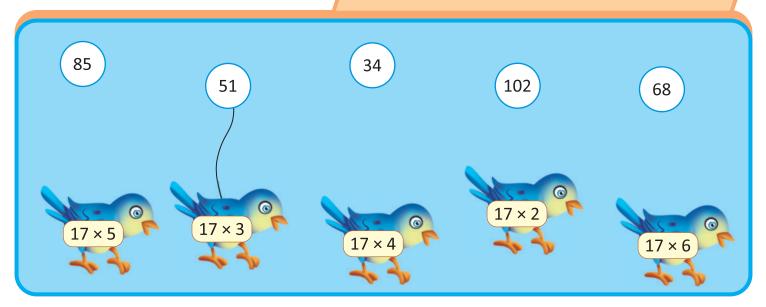


TABLE OF (B)



UT'S UGARD

18	×	1	= 18
18	×	2	= 36
18	×	3	= 54
18	×	4	= 72
18	×	5	= 90
18	×	6	= 108
18	×	7	= 126
18	×	8	= 144
18	×	9	= 162
18	×	10	= 180

UT'S UDDESTAND

0	+	18	= 18
18	+	18	= 36
36	+	18	= 54
54	+	18	= 72
72	+	18	= 90
90	+	18	= 108
108	+	18	= 126
126	+	18	= 144
144	+	18	= 162
162	+	18	= 180

UT'S SPEAK

1 times 18 is equal to 18
2 times 18 is equal to 36
3 times 18 is equal to 54
4 times 18 is equal to 72
5 times 18 is equal to 90
6 times 18 is equal to 108
7 times 18 is equal to 126
8 times 18 is equal to 144
9 times 18 is equal to 162
10 times 18 is equal to 180

Let's Perform

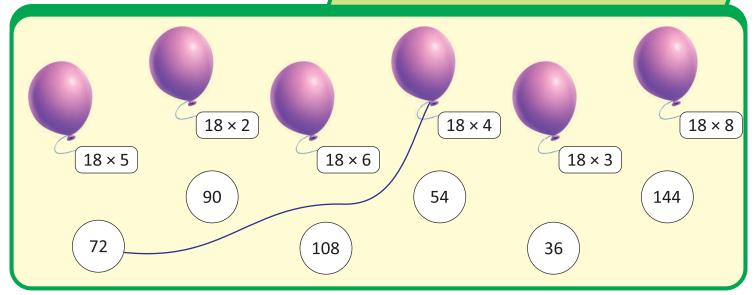


TABLE OF (E)



UT'S UGRO

			A PARTY OF THE PAR
19	X	1	= 19
19	×	2	= 38
19	×	3	= 57
19	×	4	= 76
19	×	5~	= 95
19	×	6	= 114
19	×	7	= 133
19	×	8	= 152
19	×	9	= 171
10		10	- 100

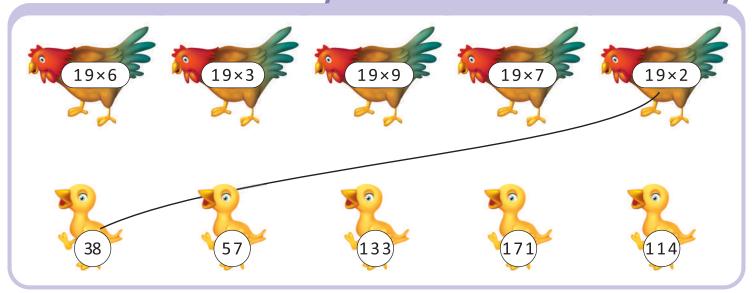
UT'S UNDERSTAND

0 +	19	= 19
19 +	19	= 38
38 +	19	= 57
57 +	19	= 76
76 +	19	= 95
95 +	19	= 114
114 +	19	= 133
133 +	19	= 152
152 +	19	= 171
171 +	19	= 190

UT'S SPEAK

1 times 19 is equal to 19
2 times 19 is equal to 38
3 times 19 is equal to 57
4 times 19 is equal to 76
5 times 19 is equal to 95
6 times 19 is equal to 114
7 times 19 is equal to 133
8 times 19 is equal to 152
9 times 19 is equal to 171
10 times 19 is equal to 190

Let's Perform







LET'S LEARD

			Name and Address of the Owner, where the Party of the Owner, where the Party of the Owner, where the Owner, which the Owner, which the Owner, where the Owner, which the Owner,
20	×	1	= 20
20	X	2	= 40
20	×	3	= 60
20	×	4	= 80
20	X	5	= 100
20	×	6	= 120
20	×	7	= 140
20	×	8	= 160
20	×	9	= 180
20	×	10	= 200

UT'S UNDERSTAND

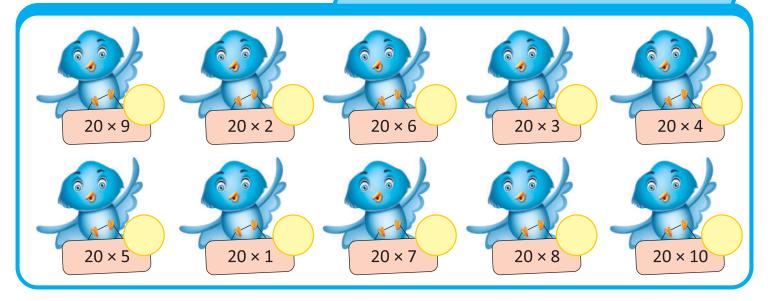
0	+_	20	= 20
20	+	20	= 40
40	+	20	= 60
60	+	20	= 80
80	+	20	= 100
100	+	20	= 120
120	+	20	= 140
140	+	20	= 160
160	+	20	= 180
180	+	20	= 200

UT'S SPEAK

1 times 20 is equal to 20
2 times 20 is equal to 40
3 times 20 is equal to 60
4 times 20 is equal to 80
5 times 20 is equal to 100
6 times 20 is equal to 120
7 times 20 is equal to 140
8 times 20 is equal to 160
9 times 20 is equal to 180
10 times 20 is equal to 200

Let's Perform

Solve the following.



Exercise

Solve and match the correct number.

18

9 × 5

45

2 × 5

 4×3

56

6 × 3

42

7 × 8

10

8 × 8

72

8 × 6

9 × 8

64

 7×4

3 × 9

28

Solve and match the correct number.

3 × 7

24

 6×4

21

9 × 9

81

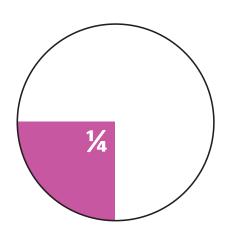
12 × 5

13 × 7

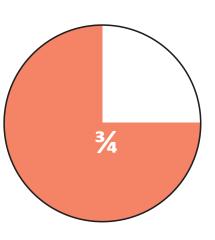
91

60

Multiplication Tables of 1/4, 1/2, and 3/4



1/2



Multiplication Table of ¼

$$1 \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$$
 $2 \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$

$$3 \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$4 \times \frac{1}{4} = 1$$

$$5 \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$6 \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$7 \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$8 \times \frac{1}{4} = 2$$

$$9 \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{2}{4}$$

$$10 \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{2}{2}$$

Multiplication Table of ½

$$1 \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$2 \times \frac{1}{2} = 1$$

$$3 \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2$$

$$5 \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{2}$$

$$6 \times \frac{1}{2} = 3$$

$$7 \times \frac{1}{2} = 3\frac{1}{2}$$

$$8 \times \frac{1}{2} = 4$$

$$9 \times \frac{1}{2} = 4\frac{1}{2}$$

$$10 \times \frac{1}{2} = 5$$

Multiplication Table of ¾

$$1 \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$2 \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$3 \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{2}{4}$$

$$4 \times \frac{3}{4} = 3$$

$$5 \times \frac{3}{4} = 3\frac{1}{4}$$

$$6 \times \frac{3}{4} = 4\frac{1}{2}$$

$$7 \times \frac{3}{4} = 5\frac{3}{4}$$

$$8 \times \frac{3}{4} = 6$$

$$9 \times \frac{3}{4} = 6\frac{3}{4}$$

$$10 \times \frac{3}{4} = 7\frac{1}{2}$$

1

1/2

1/2

Types of Numbers

CARDINAL	RO
NUMBERS	N
1	I
2	II
3	III
4	IV
5	V
6	V]
7	V]
8	V]
9	IX
10	X
20	\mathbf{X}
30	\mathbf{X}^{\prime}
40	X
50	L
60	L
70	L
80	L
90	X(
100	C
200	C(
300	C
400	CI
500	D
600	D(
700	Do
800	D

ROMAN
NUMERALS
[
II
ш 🧼
IV
V
VI
VII
VIII
IX
X
XX
XXX
XL
L
LX
LXX
LXXX
XC
C
CC
CCC
CD
D
DC
DCC
DCCC
CM
M

ORDINAL	DEVNAGARI
NUMBERS	(HINDI)
First	9
Second	२
Third	¥
Fourth	8
Fifth	٧
Sixth	६
Seventh	0
Eighth	ζ
Ninth	£
Tenth	90
Twentieth	२०
Thirtieth	३०
Fortieth	80
Fiftieth	५०
Sixtieth	६०
Seventieth	90
Eightieth	ζ 0
Ninetieth	£o
Hundredth	900
Two Hundredth	२००
Three Hundredth	300
Four Hundredth	800
Five Hundredth	५००
Six Hundredth	६००
Seven Hundredth	000
Eight Hundredth	ζ 00
Nine Hundredth	6 00

One Thousandth

Five Thousandth

900

1000

5000

9000

५०००

All About Numbers

Natural Numbers

1, 2, 3, 4, 5, are natural numbers. 1 is the smallest natural number.

Whole Numbers

Natural numbers with 0 are called whole numbers. 0 is the smallest whole number.

Even Numbers

A number divisible by 2 is called an even number. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10 are some even numbers. 2 is the smallest even number.

Odd Numbers

A number that cannot divisible by 2 is called an odd number. 3, 5, 7, 9, 11are some odd numbers.

Prime Numbers

A number which cannot divisible by any number except itself or by 1 is called a prime number. 2, 3, 7, 11 are some prime numbers.

Composite Numbers

All numbers greater than 1 which are not prime numbers are called composite numbers. 4, 6, 8, 9, 10 are some composite numbers.

FUN with Time

60	Seconds	1	Minute	
60	Minutes	1	Hour	
24	Hours	1	Day	
7	Days	1	Week	
2	Weeks	1	Fortnight	
4	Weeks	1	Month	
12	Months	1	Year	
365	Days	1	Year 6	
366	Days	1	Leap Year	
10	Years	1	Decade	
100	Years	1	Century	
1000	Years	1	Millennium	



1 Year = Anniversary

10 Years = 1 Decade

25 Years = Silver Jubilee

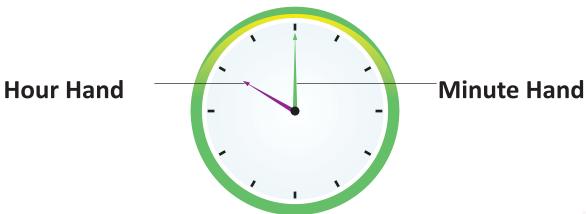
50 Years = Golden Jubilee

60 Years = Diamond Jubilee

75 Years = Platinum Jubilee



Look at the clock:



A clock has two hands.

The long hand of the clock tells us the minutes.

It is at 12.

The short hand of the clock tells us the hours.

It is at 10. Time is 10 O'clock.



Look at the clock:



6 O'clock (Morning) You wake up.



12 O'clock (Noon)
You take your lunch.



7 O'clock (Morning) You take a bath.



2 O'clock (Afternoon) Your school is over.



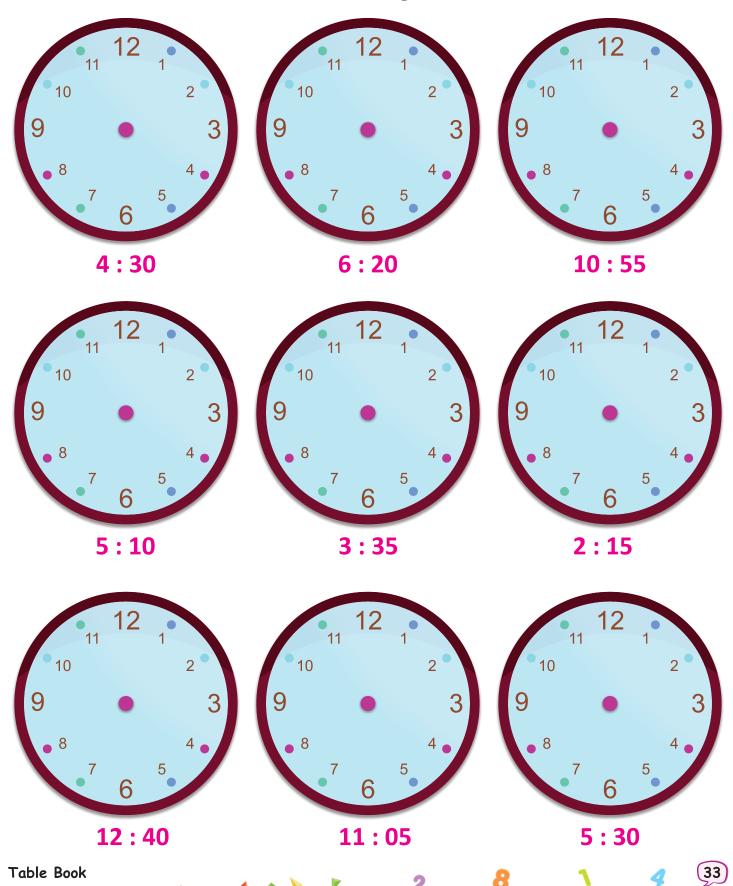
8 O'clock (Morning) You go to school.



5 O'clock (Evening) It is your play time.

(((TIME FOR SOME PRACTICE)))

Draw the hands of the clocks according to the time:



FUN with Measures

1 1 Unit **Number Measures**

Units 1 Pair

Units 12 1 Dozen

1 Score Units 20

1 Hundred **Scores**

144 Units 12 Dozen =

1 Gross 12 Dozens =

millimetres (mm)

Paper Measures

10

24	Sheets	or	2 Dozen	=	1 Quire
20	Quires	or	480 Sheets	=	1 Ream
500	Sheets			=	1 Commercial Ream

1 centimetre

Length Measures

10	minimetres (min)	_	1 centimetre
10	centimetres (cm)	=	1 decimetre
10	decimetres (dm)	=	1 metre
10	metres (m)	=	1 decametre
10	decametres (dam)	=	1 hectometre
10	hectometres (hm)	=	1 kilometre



1 m	=	10 dm	=	100 cm	=	1000 mm
1 km	=	10 hm	=	100 dam	=	1000 m

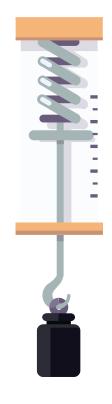
Area Measures

100 square millimetres (sq mm)	= 1 square centimet	re
100 square centimetres (sq mm)	= 1 square decimetre	е
100 square decimetres (sq dm)	= 1 square metre	
100 square metres (sq m)	= 1 square decametr	re e
100 square decametres (sq dam)	= 1 hectare or 1 sq h	ectometre
100 square decametres (sq dam)	= 1 square kilometre	

1 acre = 0.40 hectare

Weight Measures

10	milligrams	(mg)	=	1 centigram
10	centigrams	(cg)	=	1 decigram
10	decigrams	(dg)	=	1 gram
10	grams	(g)	=	1 decagram
10	decagrams	(dag)	=	1 hectogram
10	hectograms	(hg)	=	1 kilogram
10	kilograms	(kg)	=	1 myriagram
10	myriagrams	(mag)	=	1 quintal
10	quintals	(ql)	=	1 metric tonne (ton)





1 g	=	10 dg	=	100 cg =	1000 mg
1 ton	=	10 ql	=	100 mag =	1000 kg
1 kg	=	10 hg	=	100 dag =	1000 g
1 ql	=	100 kg			

DAYS OF A WEEK

There are seven days in a week:

Sunday is the 1st day of the week.

Monday is the 2nd day of the week.

Tuesday is the 3rd day of the week.

Wednesday is the 4th day of the week.

Thursday is the 5th day of the week.

Friday is the 6th day of the week.

Saturday is the 7th day of the week.

Hindi name

Raviwar

Somwar

Mangalwar

Budhwar

Guruwar

Shukrawar

Shaniwar



Fill in the blanks:

1.	is the third day of the v	week.

5. _____ is the fun day.

MONTHS OF A YEAR

Order

1st month

2nd month

3rd month

4th month

5th month

6th month

7th month

8th month

9th month

10th month

11th month

12th month

English Name

January

February

March

April

May

June

July

August

September

October

November

December

Hindi Name

Baishakha

Jaishtha

Ashadha

Shravana

Bhadrapada

Ashvina

Kartika

Margshirsha

Pausha

Magha

Phalguna

Chaitra



We call the present day Today.
We call the next day Tomorrow.
We call the previous day Yesterday.

There are twenty-nine days in February of each leap year.

Exercise

Fill in the blanks:

1. _____ is the third month of the year.

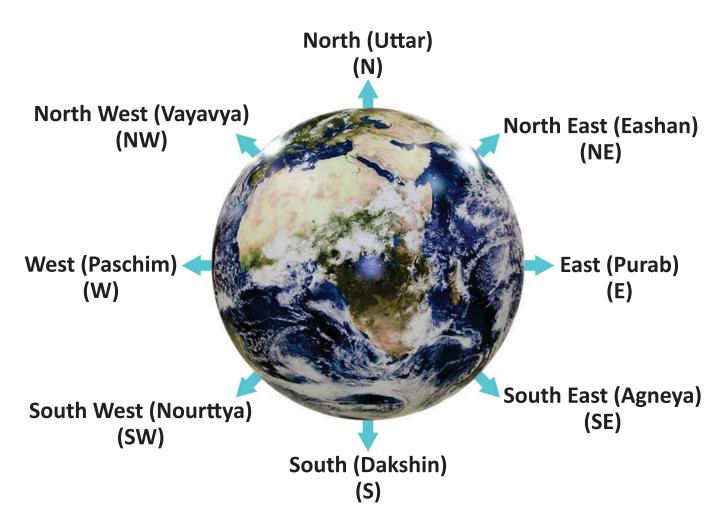
2. _____ is the fourth month of the year.

3. _____ is the second month of the year.

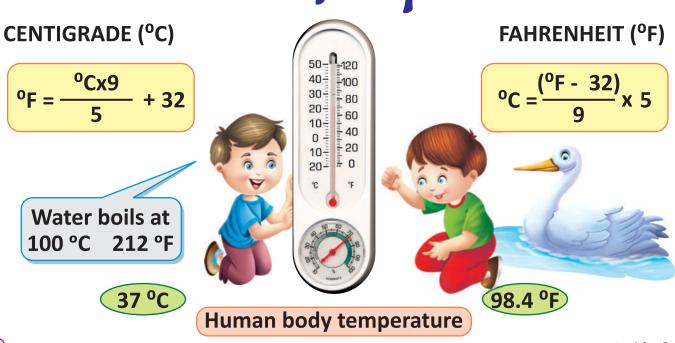
4. _____ is the first month of the year.

5. is the tenth month of the year.

DIRECTIONS



Measures of Temperature



FUN with Money





























Add the money



























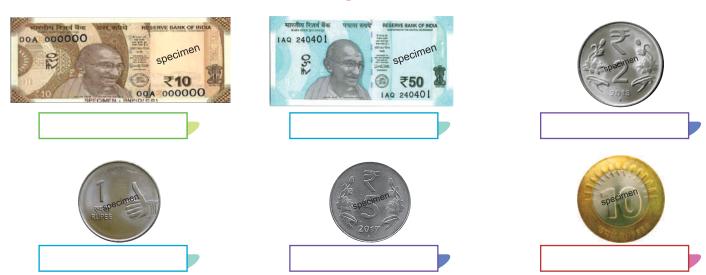








Write the value of the following:



Read the tag on each object. Tick (✓) the coin/note you need to buy it:

