

REVISION TEST PAPER-I

(Based on Chapters 1 to 4)

A. Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs)

Tick (✓) the correct options:

- What is the value of the digit 5 in 35,43,608?
(a) 5000 (b) 50000
(c) 500000 (d) 5000000
- How many lakhs are there in a million?
(a) 1 (b) 10
(c) 100 (d) 1000
- 12,785 rounded off to the nearest 10 is
(a) 13,000 (b) 12,800
(c) 12,790 (d) 12,780
- Which number makes this sentences true? $45,242 + 53,114 = 53,113 + \dots$
(a) 45,242 (b) 45,243
(c) 53,114 (d) 53,113
- If $54890 + 72632 = 127522$, the answer for $127522 - 72632$ is
(a) 127552 (b) 72632
(c) 54890 (d) none of these
- Which number makes this sentence true? $387504 = 377504 + \dots$
(a) 387505 (b) 387504
(c) 10000 (d) 0

B. Match the following:

Column A

Column B

- | | |
|--------------|-----------------------------|
| 1. 7,643,492 | I Successor of 4,549 |
| 2. 57,345 | II Greatest 4 digit number |
| 3. 377504 | III 7 in the millions place |
| 4. 4,550 | IV $387504 - 10000$ |
| 5. 9999 | V $37,345 + 20,000$ |



REVISION TEST PAPER-II

(Based on Chapters 5 to 8)

A. Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs)

Tick (✓) the correct options:

- 456 multiplied by 10,00,000 is
(a) 45,600 (b) 45,60,000
(c) 4,56,00,000 (d) 45,60,00,000
- 4690783 divided by 1000 will give remainder.....
(a) 46 (b) 469
(c) 83 (d) 783
- Given the cost of 5 pens as ₹ 100, we find the cost of 7 pens by
(a) $(100 \times 5) \div 7$ (b) $(100 \div 7) \times 5$
(c) $(100 \times 7) \times 5$ (d) $(100 \div 5) \times 7$
- When a multiplicand is multiplied by the multiplier, we get the
(a) sum (b) difference
(c) product (d) quotient
- The number of factors that a prime number has, is
(a) 0 (b) 1
(c) 2 (d) unlimited
- The fractions $\frac{3}{7}$ and $\frac{21}{49}$ are
(a) equivalent and like (b) equivalent and unlike
(c) equivalent and improper (d) not equivalent but like

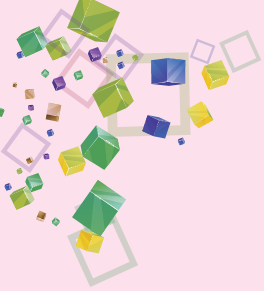
B. Match the following:

Column A

Column B

- | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. 987699 | I. $5934 \div 86 = 69$ |
| 2. $86 \times 69 = 5934$ | II. Multiple of 9 and 6 |
| 3. $30/60$ | III. 987699×1 |
| 4. 54 | IV. 362 |
| 5. $12308 \div 34$ | V. $1/2$ |










MODAL TEST PAPER-I

(Based on Chapters 1 to 8)

A. Fill in the blanks:

- is the largest 5-digit number.
- For each addition fact, we get subtraction facts.
- When a number is multiplied by 0, the product is
- The number left over after dividing is called
- The number which have only two factors are called numbers.
- Fractions with numerator 1, are called fractions.
- Fractions having the same denominators, are called fractions.

B. Tick (✓) the true and cross (✗) the false statements:

- Place value of 0 is always 0. 
- The order of addends can be changed, but the sum will remain the same. 
- If we subtract 1 from any number, we get the successor of the number. 
- A number has unlimited number of factors. 
- Fractions with numerators smaller than denominators are called proper fractions. 

C. Match the columns:

Column A

Column B

- | | | |
|--|-----|--------------------------------|
| 1. $9999 + 1$ | I | 5 thousands |
| 2. 8 hundreds + 75 tens | II | 13 |
| 3. 12 thousands – 7 thousands | III | smallest 5 digit number |
| 4. $7 + 9 \div 3 - 3 \times 1 + 18 \div 3$ | IV | 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12 (factors) |
| 5. 24 (product) | V | 15 hundreds + 5 tens |





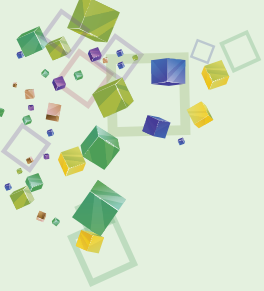
D. Solve.

1. $25,997 + 25,668$
2. $7,25,003 - 4,99,825$
3. 497×265
4. $32,430 \div 94$

E. Solve the following.

1. There are 526 pupils in a primary school. Each pupil pays ₹168 per month as tuition fee. What is the total amount of tuition fee received per month?
2. A fruit seller bought 1000 apples. He threw away 28 apples that were rotten. He packed the remaining apples equally in 36 boxes. How many apples were there in each box?
3. Find the LCM of 8 and 16.
4. The sum of two numbers is 5,65,400. If one of them is 2,38,505, find the other number.
5. What is the least number that should be subtracted from 924 to make it exactly divisible by 48?





REVISION TEST PAPER-III

(Based on Chapters 9 to 12)

A. Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs)

Tick (✓) the correct options:

- Which of these has a fixed length?

(a) Line	<input type="checkbox"/>	(b) Ray	<input type="checkbox"/>
(c) Line segment	<input type="checkbox"/>	(d) All of them	<input type="checkbox"/>
- How many right angles does a right-angled triangle have?

(a) 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	(b) 2	<input type="checkbox"/>
(c) 3	<input type="checkbox"/>	(d) None of these	<input type="checkbox"/>
- Which of these is greater than a kilogram?

(a) Hectogram	<input type="checkbox"/>	(b) Decagram	<input type="checkbox"/>
(c) Centigram	<input type="checkbox"/>	(d) None of these	<input type="checkbox"/>
- What will you do to convert metre to millimetre?

(a) $\times 100$	<input type="checkbox"/>	(b) $\div 100$	<input type="checkbox"/>
(c) $\times 1000$	<input type="checkbox"/>	(d) $\div 1000$	<input type="checkbox"/>
- 12 minutes before 6 in the evening is the same as

(a) 6:12 a.m.	<input type="checkbox"/>	(b) 6:12 p.m.	<input type="checkbox"/>
(c) 5:48 a.m.	<input type="checkbox"/>	(d) 5:48 p.m.	<input type="checkbox"/>
- The perimeter of a square ABCD is

(a) sum of its sides	<input type="checkbox"/>	(b) $4 \times \text{side}$	<input type="checkbox"/>
(c) $AB + BC + CD + AD$	<input type="checkbox"/>	(d) all of these	<input type="checkbox"/>

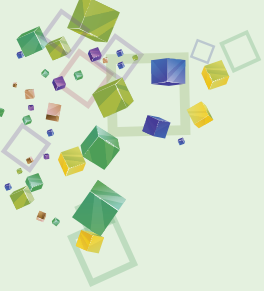
B. Match the following:

Column A

Column B

- | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1. $4 \times 250 \text{ g}$ | I 4 months |
| 2. 120 days | II 1 kg |
| 3. Diametre | III 00:00 hours |
| 4. Area | IV $2 \times \text{radius}$ |
| 5. 12 o'clock midnight | V amount of surface |





REVISION TEST PAPER-IV

(Based on Chapters 13 to 15)

A. Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs)

Tick (✓) the correct options:

- The number of axis of symmetry in a symmetrical figure is
 - always 1
 - 1 or 2
 - line segment
 - can be any number from 1 to uncountable
- The letter D is
 - not symmetrical
 - symmetrical with 1 axis of symmetry
 - symmetrical with 2 axes of symmetry
 - symmetrical with uncountable axes of symmetry
- To convert paise into rupees, the decimal is placed after

(a) 3 digits from right end	<input type="checkbox"/>	(b) 2 digits from right end	<input type="checkbox"/>
(c) at the end	<input type="checkbox"/>	(d) none of these	<input type="checkbox"/>
- How many paise are there in 5 rupees?

(a) 100	<input type="checkbox"/>	(b) 500	<input type="checkbox"/>
(c) 300	<input type="checkbox"/>	(d) 400	<input type="checkbox"/>
- How many rupees are there in 900 paise?

(a) 3	<input type="checkbox"/>	(b) 6	<input type="checkbox"/>
(c) 9	<input type="checkbox"/>	(d) 5	<input type="checkbox"/>
- 18 rupees and 65 paise is written as

(a) ₹ 1865	<input type="checkbox"/>	(b) ₹ 18.065	<input type="checkbox"/>
(c) ₹ 18.65	<input type="checkbox"/>	(d) ₹ 18.650	<input type="checkbox"/>

B. Match the following:

Column A

Column B

- | | | |
|---------------------|-----|--------------------------|
| 1. 1225 paise | I | 10 |
| 2. Pattern means | II | ₹ 12.25 |
| 3. Data | III | Coins and Notes |
| 4. 2, 4, 6, 8, | IV | information about object |
| 5. Currency | V | similarity |



MODAL TEST PAPER-II

(Based on Chapters 9 to 15)



A. Fill in the blanks.

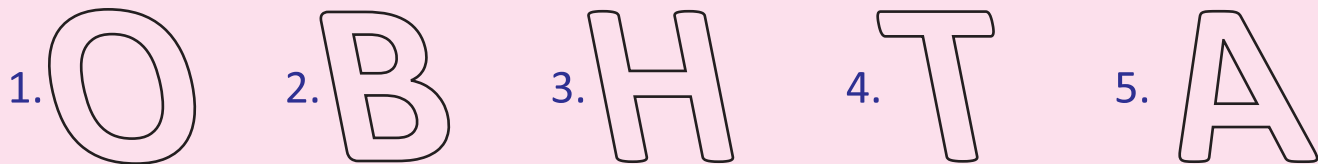
1. A straight path which extends endlessly in one direction only is called a
2. The whole length of the boundary of a circle is called its
3. In a leap year, February has days.
4. is denoted by 24:00 hours or 00:00 hours.
5. 1 millennium = years
6. means a symmetry, a similarity or a relationship among pictures, designs and numbers.
7. The tiling patterns are called
8. The pictures that represent information are known as

B. Tick (✓) the true and cross (×) the false statements:

1. A curved line not drawn with the help of a scale.
2. Kilometre, hectometre and decametre are bigger units of mass.
3. Area is the amount of surface a figure covers.
4. Tiles do not follow a specific pattern.
5. The pictures that represent information are known as pictographs.



C. Draw line of symmetry in the following figures.



D. Solve.

1. ₹ 92.37 + ₹ 193.74 + ₹ 88.75
2. ₹ 1092.25 – ₹ 899.79
3. 75km 512m – 49km 997m
4. 319m 45cm + 168m 69cm

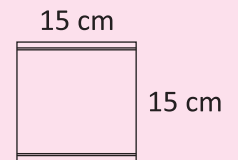




E. Solve the following.

1. How many line segments joining any two given points among three non-straight points can be drawn?
2. A public distribution shop has 72 kg 375 g of sugar. If 375 kg 500 g more sugar is brought to the shop then how much sugar is there now?
3. Rakhi has a 1 m long ribbon. She uses it to decorate the given handkerchief. How much ribbon will be left over?

(Hint: 1 m = 100 cm)



4. A car leaves for Lucknow at 9:30 a.m. Just after 30 minutes another car leaves for Lucknow. At what time does the second car leave for Lucknow?
5. The following bar graph represents the number of various colour pencils used by 80 students.

Answer the following questions.

- a. How many students use the red colour pencil?
- b. How many students use the orange colour pencil?
- c. Which colour pencil is used most?
- d. Which colour pencil is used least?

