

Environmental Studies

1

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Preface

Sapphire Publication book has been specially designed keeping on mind requirement of the students.

Our purpose in developing this series is to provide path-breaking, interactive, joyful experience for both teachers and students. The topic here have been specially structured keeping in mind the primary objectives of incorporating that covers all the aspects of a student's development.

Each chapter has focused and highlighted a variety of topics based on the world around us; bringing out interest of child. Along with these knowledge based evaluation is carried out with the skill sheet for practice.

Special Features:

- 1. Course book is supported with for practice sessions based on the chapters provided Activity Bag and Project Bag.
- 2. Activity Bag and Project Bag are designed to reinforce for entire learning experience with child-friendly illustrations.
- 3. It links learning of the child through activity approach.

_ Publisher



Environmental Studies

Published By

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Designed by : Blue leaf

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Unit-1 : My Family

About Me

Chap.

Hello! Friends I am Akshra.

I am a girl.

I am five years old.

I celebrate 27th January as my birthday.

I study in class I.



Think and Write

Now tell me about yourself. Fill in the blanks:

Paste Your New Photograph

- 1. My name is ______.
- 2. lam a ______.
- 3. I am _____ years old.
- 4. I celebrate _____ as my birthday.
- 5. I study in ______.
- 6. The name of my best friend is ______.
- 7. My contact number is ______.



My Family

Chap.



After completing this chapter we will be able:

- To know about the importance of family.
- To know members of family.
- To know about the types of family.

Family is group of members. Father, mother, brother and sisters form family. Family plays an importent role in our educational sucess. We should respect all our family members.



Members of Family

Father and mother are our parents.

Father's father is our grandfather.

Father's mother is our grandmother.

Father's brother is our uncle.

Uncle's wife is our aunt.

Uncle's children are our cousins.

Knowledge Corner

Family is the first school of the child.



Types of Family

Small Family: This is a small family. It has four members: father, mother and their two kids. A small family is a happy family.





Big Family: There are more than four members in a big family. Father, mother and their many children. A big family always remains in difficulties. A big family is a sad family.

Joint Family: Grandparents, parent, uncle, aunt, cousins, etc., live together in a joint family. It is the largest family of our society.



INTS OF VIEW

- A family is a group of members.
- Father's father is our grandfather.
- A small family is a happy family. A big family is a sad family.
- A joint family is the largest family of our society.





A.	Tic	ck (✔) the correct option :						
	1.	Family is a gro	oup of		•			
		(a) people	(b) relative	ves	(c) members			
	2.	How many me	embers are th	ere i	n a small family?			
		(a) Eight	(b) Six		(c) Four			
	3.	Our father's fa	ather is our		·			
		(a) uncle	(b) grand	lfath	er 🦳 (c) cousin			
	4.	A small family	<i>י</i> is a		family.			
		(a) happy	(b) sad		(c) bad			
B.	Fill	in the blanks v	with the corre	ct wo	ord:			
	1.	We live in a _						
	2.	My father's fa	ther is my					
	3.	My father's b	rother is my $_$		·			
	4.	A big family co	ontains		children.			
C.	Ma	atch the follow	ing columns:					
		' A'			' B '			
	1.	Uncle's childre	en	(a)	small family			
	2.	Father's moth	ner	(b)	big family			
	3.	Wife of uncle		(c)	cousins			
	4.	Happy family		(d)	grandmother			
	5.	Sad family		(e)	aunt			



D.		swer th								- t-	را: مور	. 그			
	1.	What	ao '	you	unc	iersi	tanc	ab c	out	а та	ımııy	/!			
	2. Which family is a happy family?												_		
	3.	Write	two	typ	oes (of fa	mil	y :							
		(a)								(b)					
	4.	Write	fou	r m	emb	ers	of a	a joi	nt fa	amil	y :				
		(a)								(b)					
		(c)								(d)					
	9														
		ACTIV	7077	Be	AG										
	Se	arch th	e n	ame	e of	sev	en 1	fam	ily r	nen	nber	s in	thi	s give	n wo
		arch an	_						_						
			C	Z	F	Е	A	Q	C	U	I	O	В		
			G	R	A	N	D	M	O	T	Н	Е	R		
			M	O	T	Н	Е	R	U	E	L	G	A		
			Q	M	Н	Q	P	T	S	O	R	D	U		
			W	Н	E	I	J	K	I	Z	W	X	N		
			R	С	R	Y	U	U	N	С	L	Е	T		
			G	R		N	D	F	A	T	Н	Е	R		
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Unit 2: Human Body & Safety

Our Body

Chap.

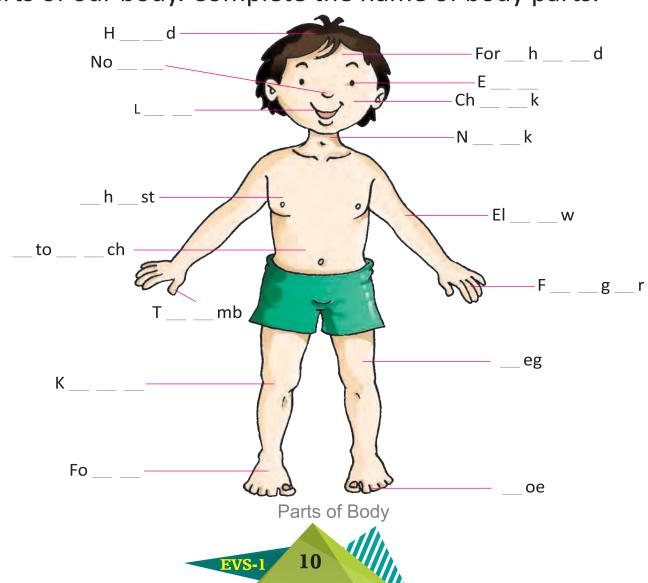


After completing this chapter we will be able to know about :

- The different parts of our body and their works.
- Our sense organs and senses.

Our body is a wonderful machine. It is made up of many parts. Each part of our body has different function.

Look at the picture given below. It shows us the different parts of our body. Complete the name of body parts.



Our Legs and Feet

We use our legs to run, walk, skip, jump, push and kick.



Our Hands

We use our arms and hands to eat, write, carry and hold things, throw things, etc.



We should take care of different parts of our body to keep them in good condition.

Sense Organs

We have five sense organs. Sense organs help us to identify the things around us. They are eyes, ears, nose, tongue and skin. We can see, hear, smell feel and taste.

Ears: We have two ears. Our ears help us to hear sounds.





Eyes: We have two eyes. Our eyes help us to see all things around us.

Nose: We have one nose. Our nose helps us to smell things.





Tongue: We have one tongue. It helps us to taste food.

Skin: We have skin all over our body. Our skin helps us to feel. It is outer cover and largest sense organ of our body.

We must take care of our sense organs.





- Our body works like a machine.
- Over body is made up of different parts like hands, legs, eyes, face, ears, etc.
- We have five sense organs. With the help of sense organs we can see, hear, smell, taste and feel.
- Holi is the festival of colours.
- Our legs help us to run, stand, walk, jump, push and kick.
- Our hands helps us eating, writing, throwing, holding, drawing, etc.
- Skin is a outer cover of our body and largest sense organ.





Α.	HIC	K (✔) the correct option:	
	1.	Which of these is not a part of our body?	
		(a) Hand (b) Leg (c) Pen	cil
	2.	If your hands are tied behind, you will not be able	e to
		(a) hold books (b) speak (c) run	
	3.	If your legs are tied to a chair, you will not be a	ble to:
		(a) speak (b) walk (c) eat	
B.	Fill	in the blanks with correct word:	
	1.	Each part of our body has functi	on.
		(sar	me/different)
	2.	We use our to run walk, skip, jum	p and push.
			(legs/hands)
	3.	We use our to throw, write, draw	and hold.
			(hands/legs)
	4.	There are sense organs in our bo	ody. (six/five)
	5.	is the outer cover of our body.	(nose/skin)
C.	Wr	ite True or False statements :	
	1.	We eat with our legs.	
	2.	We smell with our nose.	
	3.	We play football with our hands.	
	4.	We use our eyes to see.	
	5.	We can listen music with our ears.	
D.	Wr	rite the name of these body parts:	
	((SEI)
		THE WAY THE PARTY OF THE PARTY	



E. Answer the following questions:

- 1. Which part of the body do we use to write and holding the things?
- 2. How many sense organs are there in our body?
- 3. Why the sense organs are important part of our body?
- 4. How does our nose helps us?
- 5. Which is the largest sense organ of our body?



Solve the following riddles and pa	aste t	he	pict	ure	of	body p	art :
(a) Hot chocolate and ice-creame	too.						
Testing them is what I do.							
Who am I?	Т				Ε		
(b) Chewing your lunch, breakfas	t too						
Breaking up food is what we d	do.						
Who are we?	Т			Н			
(c) Beautiful rainbow, flowers too	o.						
Seeing them is what we do.							
Who are we?	Е		S				
(d) Sweet perfume, popcorn too.							
Smelling them is what I do.							
Who am I?	N		F				



Clothes and Shelter

Chap. 🖊



After completing this chapter we will be able to know about :

- The importance of clothes
- Different kinds of clothes that we wear in different seasons the importance of food.
- Different kinds of houses.
- A good house.

We need food, water, air, clothes and shelter to live. These are our basic needs.

Need for Clothes

We wear clothes to cover and protect ourselves from heat, cold rain, dust and insects. We wear different types of clothes at different time of the year. We wear clothes according to weather. Clothes also make our look smart.

We wear cotton clothes in summer season. Cotton clothes keep us cool. We get cotton from cotton plants.







We wear woollen clothes in winter season. Woollen clothes keep us warm. We get wool from sheep.

We wear raincoat and gum boots in rainy season. When it rains, we also use umbrella. The raincoat, umbrella and gum-boots keep us dry.



Knowledge Corner

• Early-man covered their body with the skin of animals or barks of trees.

Uniform

When people have to wear same kind of dress at work it is called a uniform. There are some uniforms:







Different Kinds of Dresses

Need for a House

Like food we need a house to live in. Our house protects us from heat, cold, rain, animals and thieves.

We feel safe and comfortable in our house.









Types of Houses

There are two types of houses: Kuchcha house and Pucca house.

Kuchcha House: These types of houses are mainly found in villages. These are not so strong. These are made of clay and straw. The roof is made of thatch or dry grass. It is also called a hut.



Kuchcha House

Pacca House: These types of houses are mainly found in towns and cities. These are very strong. These are made of bricks, cement and steel. Doors and windows are made of glass and wood.



Pucca House

A Good House

A good house has enough doors and windows to allow fresh air and sunlight to enter. There are many rooms in a house. Each room has its own use.



We do rest and sleep in bedroom



We brush our teeth and take a bath in the bathroom



We cook food in the kitchen



We welcome our guest in the drawing-room



We eat our meals in the dining-room

Knowledge Corner

Early-man lived in caves and on trees.

- X E
- Clothes and shelters are our basic needs.
- We need clothes to protect ourselves from heat, cold, rain, insects and dust.
- We wear different types of clothes according to season.
- We live in a house to protect ourselves from heat, cold, rain, wild animals and thieves.



Α.	HIC	ck (✓) the corre	ct option :						
	1.	A place in whi	ch we live is called a	a					
		(a) cloth	(b) house	(c) food					
	2.	In which seaso	on do we use rainco	at and umbrella?					
		(a) Winter	(b) Summer	(c) Rain					
	3.	A kuchcha hou	use is mainly found	in					
		(a) towns	(b) cities	(c) villages					
	4.	We cook food	in	•					
		(a) dining-roor	n 🦳 (b) kitchen	(c) bedroom					
B.	Fill	in the blanks v	with correct word :						
		cotto	on, sheep, umbrel	lla, clean					
	1.	We use an	when	it rains.					
	2.	We should keep our house							
	3.	We get wool f	rom	_ •					
	4.	. We get cotton from plants.							
C.	Wı	rite True or Fals	e statements :						
	1.	Food, clothes	and house are our k	pasic needs.					
	2.	We wear cotton clothes in summer season.							
	3.	Wollen clothes	s protect us from co	old					
	4.	Kuchcha houses are mainly found in cities.							

	5.	5. We take a bath in bathroom.								
	6.	Pucca house are very strong.								
D.	Ma	atch the following columns :								
	1.	Wool (i) Mud								
	2.	Cotton (ii) Cement								
	3.	Umbrella (iii) Sheep								
	4.	Kuchcha house (iv) Cotton plant								
	5.	Pucca house (v) Rains								
E.	Со	mplete the given words fill with the missing letters :								
	1.	S m s								
	3.	C t o 4. U r I								
	5.	W n e								
F.	An	swer the following questions :								
	1.	Why do we wear clothes?								
	2.	Why do we need a house?								
	3.	Where do we get cotton from?								
	4.	When do we wear woollen clothes?								
	_									
	5.	Where do the kuchcha and pucca houses found?								



Where would you find these things in a home?













Project Bag

Special Houses

Ask your parents or check a library book and find out where would you find these houses? What are they called?











Healthy Food

Chap. _



After completing this chapter we will be able:

- To know about the importance of food.
- To know about the meals we take in a day.
- To know about the good food manners.

Dear children! You know that food, water, clothes and house are our basic needs. We cannot live without these. In these, food is an our important basic need. Because we get energy to do work and play from the food. We cannot stay alive for long time without it.



We eat food three times in a day.

The meal that we eat in the morning, is called breakfast. We take bread and butter, biscuits, rusks, boiled eggs with tea or milk in the breakfast.

The meal that we eat in afternoon, is called lunch. We take chapaties, dal, rice, salad, curd, vegetables, meat, etc. in the lunch.



The meal that we eat at night, is called dinner. We take *chapaties*, rice, vegetables, meat, salad, etc., in the dinner. We drink a glass of milk after dinner. Milk is the complete food.



Besides these we should also eat nutritious fruits and sweets such as:



Kheer







Grapes

Knowledge Corner

 The people who eat meat, eggs, etc., are called non-vegetarians.

Fruits are good for health.

lalebi

We eat different kinds of food for taste and health.

Apple

Sources of Food

We get our food from plants and animals.

We get milk, butter, cheese, eggs, fish, meat, etc., from animals.











Eggs

Milk

Meat

Chicken

Butter

Plants give us grains, pulses, vegetables, fruits, oilseeds, etc.



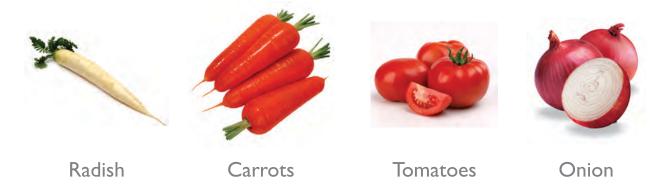
Vegetables and fruits are eaten in two forms: cooked and raw. We eat the following food raw as salads:



We eat some vegetables cooked.



We eat some vegetables as both types, i.e., cooked and raw.



We should eat proper and balanced food to keep our body healthy and strong.

Beverages

Coffee and tea are beverages. They are not good for health when we take in excess.





Good Food Manners

- We should have meals at the fixed time.
- We should wash our hands before and after meals.
- We should not eat stale food.
- We should not purchase uncovered food.
- We should eat fresh and clean food.

Food is an important for our basic need.

- Food gives us energy to work and play.
- We take three meals in a day: breakfast, lunch and dinner
- We get food from plants and animals.

2. Fruits and vegetables keep us

We eat food in two forms: cooked and raw.



A. Tick (✓) the correct option :

В.

1.	The meal that we eat i	n the morning is called					
	(a) breakfast	(b) lunch					
	(c) dinner						
2.	The meal that we eat i	n the afternoon is called	_•				
	(a) dinner	(b) lunch					
	(c) breakfast						
Fill	Fill in the blanks with the correct word :						
1.	gives us	energy to work and play.					

- 3. We should not watch _____ while eating.
- 4. We should not eat _____ food.
- C. Answer the following questions:
 - 1. Why do we need food?
 - 2. Name five food-items which we get from plants?
 - 3. When do we have breakfast?



➤ What are these things made from? Write their name :



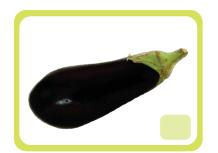




Which vegetables we eat raw? Look at the given pictures and put a (✓) mark:









Precious Water

Chap.



After completing this chapter we will be able to know that :

- The importance of water
- Uses of water

- Different sources of water
- Saving and storing of water

Water is essential for all living things. Every drop of it is precious and valuable. Water is present in wells, rivers, ponds, lakes, seas and oceans. The main source of water is rain. Rainwater fills all the water bodies like sea, river, pond, etc. The upper part of mountains are covered with snow.

Cross (Ξ) the pictures in which the water is wasted:







During summer snow melts and changes into water. This water comes down in the form of streams and rivers.



Well



Lake



River





Pond



Ocean



Some water goes into the soil. It gets collected as underground water. We dig wells and tube-wells to get this water.

Uses of Water

We use water for different activities. All living things need water to drink for stay alive. Plants also need water to make food. Animals need water for bathing and drinking.



Animals need water to drink



Plants need water to make food



Water is needed for bathing



Water is needed to cook food



Water is needed to wash clothes



Water is needed to put out fire

We must drink at least 8-10 glasses of water everyday. At home we get water from taps. We should use water with care. We should boil or filter tap water before drinking it.



Tap water



Boil



Filter



We can store water in many things.







Sintex Tank



Bucket

Saving Water

When it rains, buckets, drums and tankers can be filled with rain water. This water can be used for washing, cleaning and watering plants.



Tube-well



Plastic Container



Drum

Take Care of Water

- Always drink clean water.
- Close the tap after use.
- Keep drinking water clean.
- Never drink water directly from river.
- Water is very precious. We should not waste it.

Water is a procious liquid on the Earth.

Water is present in wells, lakes, rivers, seas and oceans.

Rain is the main source of water.

We use water in drinking, bathing, washing, cleaning, cooking, etc.

Plants and animals also need water to grow.

We must drink at least 8-10 glasses of water everyday.

POINTS OF VIEW



A.	Tic	k (🗸) the	e corre	ct option	•						
	1.	We sho	uld drii	nk	wate	er.					
		(a) cove	ered	(b)	uncovere	d (c) dirt	.y				
	2.	We can	We can store water in								
		(a) glass	S	(b)	drum	(c) bov	vl				
	3.	The ma	in sour	ce of wat	er is	·					
		(a) pone	d	(b)	rain	(c) lake	ž				
B.	Fill	in the b	lanks w	ith corre	ct word :						
			rain,	fire, tap	, tank,	boil, filter					
	1.	We get water from									
	2.	We need water for putting out									
	3.	is the main source of water.									
	4.	Water i	Water in cities is stored in								
	5.	We sho	ould			_ or					
		water b	efore d	rinking.							
C.	Ma	atch the	followi	ng columi	ns:						
		Column	Α		Colu	umn B					
	1.	Aquagu	ard		(i) flow	ving water					
	2.	Tank			(ii) und	erground wat	er				
	3.	Tube-w	ell		(iii) to s	tore water					
	4.	River			(iv) wat	er filter					



D. Answer the following questions:

- 1. Write the name of any three sources of water.
- 2. Why do we need water?
- 3. How can water be cleaned at home?
- 4. What happen when we drink dirty water?



Cross the activity that make water dirty:











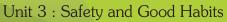




Animals bathing in water.



Throwing waste from factories into water.



Good Habits

Chap. 7





After completing this chapter we will be able to know about :

- The importance of good habits.
- The importance of the words, i.e., 'Sorry', 'Thank You', 'Please' and 'Excuse me'.



Good habits and manners make us well-manered children. We learn good habits and manners in school and at home. Our parent also teach us good manners. Everybody loves good children.

We say 'good morning' to our parent when we wake up.



When any guest comes to our home, should welcome him and greet him with folded hands.





We should stand up to welcome when our teacher enters in class.

Good Manners



Say 'please' when you ask somebody for something.



Say 'thank you' when you get something from somebody.



Say 'sorry' when you are wrong.



Put a hand-ker-chief on your nose when you sneeze.



Share your things with your friends.



Always cross the road at the zebra crossing.



Do not make a noise in the class.

OF VIE

Good habits and manners make us well mannered

children.

If you hurt somebody, always say 'sorry'.

We learn good habits at home and at school.
 Everybody loves good children.





A. Tick (T) the correct option:

- 1. If we are wrong, what we should say?
 - (a) Thank you
- (b) Sorry
- (c) Excuse Me



	2. We should cross the road at						
		(a) zebra crossing	(b) fc	otpath 🦳 (c) red light			
B.	Ma	atch the following co	lumns:				
		' A'		' B '			
	1.	Please	(a)	when you cross the road			
	2.	Thank you	(b)	when you ask for somethin	ng		
	3.	Good morning	(c)	when you get something fr somebody	om		
	4.	Sorry	(d)	say in the morning			
	5.	Zebra crossing	(e)	when you are wrong			
C.	An	swer the following q	uestions	:			
	1.	What do you do wh	en you v	vake up in the morning?			
	2.	Who teaches you go	ood habi	ts at school?			
	3.	Why should we lear	n good h	nabits?			
	4. Write two good habits which you have? (a)						
		(b)					
9		ACTIVITY BAG					

In the following situations, what would you say?









Project Bag

Write four good habits that yo	ou learn at home and school.
	At School
At Home	



Keeping Healthy

Chap.



After completing this chapter we will be able:

To know about the good habits in order to be healthy.













A healthy boy studies well and play well. To be stay healthy we should follow healthy habits.

In order to keep healthy, we should follow the rules:

- We should always get up early in the morning.
- We should go for a walk in the open space or park.
- We should brush our teeth in the morning and at night.
- We should take a bath everyday.
- We should wear clean clothes.
- We should trim our nails once a weak.
- We should comb our hair properly.



We should wash fruits properly before eating. We should never buy food-items from vendors.









- We should drink boiled or filtered water.
- We should wash hands with soap and water after toilet.





Knowledge Corner

"Early to bed and early to rise makes a man healthy, wealthy and wise."

Exercise

We should do exercise daily. Proper exercise keeps us healthy and strong. We can work and play without getting tired. Playing is a good exercise. Outdoor games are good for us.



Rest and Relaxation

We need some rest to relax and recharge our body. Relaxation is also important to keep our body healthy.



We must sleep at least eight hours a day



We should go early to bed



We should not talk loudly

- A healthy boy studies and plays well.
- We should eat healthy food.
- We should give proper rest to our body.
- We must take a bath everyday.





A. Write 'Yes' or 'No':

- Do you take a bath daily?
 - 2. Do you exercise in the morning?
- 3. Do you wash your hands before and after meals? _____
- 4. Do you buy food from vendors?
- B. Match the pictures with their correct action:
 - 1.

(a) Brush your teeth

2.

(b) Eating

3.

(c) Sleeping

4.

(d) Bathing

C.	Fill	I in the blanks with the correct word :	
	1.	Health is	
	2.	We should brush our teeth	times a day.
	3.	We should take food at	time.
	4.	We should our mouth a	fter meals.
D.	An	nswer the following questions:	
	1.	Write four healthy habits.	
	2.	To stay healthy what should we do?	
	3.	Why should we do exercise daily?	
	4.	Why do we need proper rest?	
		ACTIVITY BAG	
	_	ake a list of rules that you follow in o e given space.	rder to be healthy in

Test Paper-1

Based on chapter 1 to 8

Note: All questions are compulsory. A. Tick (\checkmark) the correct option : 1. The meal we eat in the afternoon is called _____. (a) dinner (b) lunch (c) breakfast 2. The meal we eat in the morning is called ______. (a) breakfast (b) lunch (c) dinner 3. We wear woollen clothes in _____ season. (a) summer (b) winter (c) rainy **4.** Dog lives in a ______. (b) kennel (c) den (a) shed 5. Horse lives in a ______. (c) burrow (a) stable (b) shed 6. We get wool from _____. (a) sheep (b) horse つ(c) camel 7. The people who eat meat are called ______. (a) vegetarians (b) non-vegetarians (c) None of them 8. Tortoise lives in . . (b) land & water (c) can't say (a) land 9. We wear _____ in rainy season. (c) sweater (a) raincoat (b) trousers 10. Our house protects us from _____ (b) cold (c) Both of them (a) rain B. Fill in the blanks: _____ gives us energy to work and play.

	2.	We get cotton from		plants.
	3.	We take our meals		_ •
	4.	A bee lives in a		
	5.	My father's father is my		·
C.	Wı	rite True or False against each st	ater	ment:
	1.	We need clothes to cover our k	oody	
	2.	Children wear school dress.		
	3.	Our father's brother is our unc	le.	
	4.	Parents work hard.		
	5.	Children earn money for their	fami	ly
D.	Ma	atch the following :		
		'A'		'B'
	1.	We cannot live more	(a)	beverages
	2.	Food gives us	(b)	complete food
	3.	Some vegetables are eaten	(c)	without food
	4.	Coffee and tea are called	(d)	energy to work and play
	5.	Milk is a	(e)	raw
E.	An	swer the following questions:		
	1.	Why do we need food?		
	2.	What do clothes protect us fro	m?	
	3.	What is the importance of hou	se?	
	4.	Why do we need a family?		
	5.	How do children help their par	ents	?



Places in our Neighbourhood Neighbourhood

Chap.



After completing this chapter we will be able:

- To know about the importance of places that are located near our house.
- To know about the different places near our house.













The places near our house make up neighbourhood. People who live in our neighbourhood are called an neighbours.

All places, close to our house make together a neighbourhood. These places are useful to us.



Market



We purchase things for our daily needs from the market.

Police Station



The police protect us from thieves.

They lock the cheaters and criminals in jail at the police station.

Hospital



We go to a hospital when we are ill.

Park



We play and exercise in the park.

School



We go to school for study and learn new activities

Knowledge Corner

- Dial 100 when you need police help.
- Dial 101 when fire breaks out.
- Dial 102 when you need of a doctor.

Milk Both



We buy milk from the milk-booth.

Fire Station



A fire station protects us from fire. Fire-fighters put out fires. Places of Worship

Post Office



We go to post-office to buy post cards, envelops.

Railway Station



We go to railway station when we have to go out of the city.

India is a vast country. People of many religions live in India. They all have their own religious places. Let's know about the people and their religious places.





Hi friends! My name is Ekansh. I blongs to a Hindu family and I go to temple for worship of God.





Hi friends! My name is Gurmeet.
I belongs to a Sikh family
and I go to Gurudwara to prayer.





Hi friends! I am Ali and I belongs to a Muslim family. I go to mosque to pray to Allah.





Hi friends! I am Mac. I belongs to a Christian family. I go to Church to pray Jesus Christ.

X E

- We buy things for our daily needs from the market.
- We go to school to study and learn new things.
- We buy milk from the milk-booth.
- Hindus worship in a temple.
- Sikhs worship in a gurudwara.
 Muslims go to mosque to pray Allah.
- Christian go to church to pray Jesus Christ.



Exercise	

A. Tick (✓) the correct option :

1.	We go for stud	dy in a		
	(a) market	(b) school	(c) hospital	
2.	Where do we	go to buy stamps, po	ostcards ?	
	(a) Post office	(b) Hospital	(c) Market	
3.	We go to play	and exercise in the	·	
	(a) park	(b) market	(c) milk both	

В.	Fill in the blanks with correct words :						
	1.	These places are	t	o us.			
	2.	A protects us	from	n fire.			
	3.	India is a cou	ntry.				
	4.	We buy milk from		•			
	5.	They all have their own		places.			
В.	Ma	atch the following columns:					
		'A'		'B'			
	1.	Hindus	(a)	church			
	2.	Muslims	(b)	temple			
	3.	Sikhs	(c)	mosque			
	4.	Christians	(d)	gurudwara			
C.	An	swer the following questions	s:				
	1.	Why do we go to the park?					
	2.	Where do we go when we are ill?					
	3.	From where we do buy milk					
	4.	Where do Hindus go for wo	rship	to God?			



Look at the given pictures carefully. Who go to for worship?











People Who Help Us

Chap. 7



After completing this chapter we will be able:

♦ To know about the importance of people who help us in various ways.













Dear children! Do you know that we cannot do every thing ourselves. We need help of many people, who do live near our neighbourhood. Different people do different kinds of works. In this chapter we will learn about such persons.

Doctor is a respectable person in our neighbourhood. He treat us when we are ill.





Policeman is an important person.
He catches thieves and cheaters.
He also maintain law and order in our neighbourhood.



Soldier is also an important person. He protects our country from enemies.

Postman is a very important person. He delivers our letters, parcles and money-orders.



Teacher is a very respectable person in our neighbourhood. He teaches us to make us self-dependence.



Except of these people, there are many other people, who help us in many ways :



Farmer grows the grains, fruits and vegetables for us



Tailor stitches our clothes



Weaver weaves our clothes





Cobbler mends and repair our shoes



Mason builds our house



Carpanter makes our furniture, doors and windows of our house



Sweper sweepes and clean our colony



Barber cuts our hair



Washerman washes our clothes



- Many people do different jobs.
- Carpenter makes wooden furniture.
- Weaver weaves clothes.
- Doctor treats us, when we are ill.





A. Tick (✓) the correct option :

- 1. Who brings our letters?
 - (a) Policeman
 - (b) Postman
- (c) Doctor
- 2. Who grows grains, fruits, and vegetable for us?
 - (a) Farmer
- (b) Tailor
- (c) Teacher

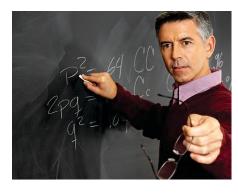
- 3. Who catches the thieves?
 - (a) Postman
- (b) Policeman
- 🦳 (c) Barber



B.	B. Fill in the blanks with the correct word:						
	1.	Doctor is a person.					
	2.	delivers our letters.					
	3.	Tailor our clothes.					
	4.	weaver our clothes.					
	5.	cuts our hair.					
C.	Wr	ite True or False statements :					
	1.	Doctor weaves clothes.					
	2.	Milkman sells milk.					
	3.	Washerman sells fruits.					
	4.	Driver drives bus, car, etc.					
D.	An	swer the following questions:					
	1.	What do the teachers do for us?					
	2.	Who makes the wooden furniture?					
	3.	Who sells the milk?					
	4.	Who protects us from thieves and cheaters?					



➤ What do these people do for us? Write below each picture :



















National and Religious Festivals

Chap.



After completing this chapter we will be able:

- To know about the importance of festivals.
- To know about the national and religious festivals.













Introduction

We live in a vast country. India is a vast country. People of many religions live in India. They celebrate their festivals full of joy. We also celebrate many National festivals also. Festivals bring happiness and joy in our life.

Kinds of Festivals

There are two types of festivals:

1. National festivals

2. Religious festivals

Knowledge Corner

• Festivals give us message to live brotherly with all the people.



National Festivals

The festivals which are celebrated by all the people of a nation together are called national festivals. We celebrate the following national festivals:

1. Independence Day: We celebrate Independence Day on 15th August every year. On this day, our country got freedom from the British Government in 1947. on this day Prime Minister of India hoists our national flag on Red Fort at Delhi. Our Principal hoists national



Independence Day

Fort at Delhi. Our Principal hoists national flag in our school. All children and teachers salute the flag. We sing National Anthem; Jana-Gana-Mana.

- 2. Republic Day: We celebrate Republic Day on 26th January every year. On this day India became a Republic in 1950. A parade showing cultures of India is organised in Delhi on Rajpath. Our Principal hoists the national flag in our school. We sing the National Anthem.
- 3. Gandhi Jayanti: Gandhi Jayanti is celebrated on 2nd October every year. It is the birthday of Mahatma Gandhi. We call him 'Bapu'. He is the Father of the Nation.



Republic Day



Gandhi Jayanti

Religious Festivals

The festivals which are celebrated by the particular people are called religious festivals.

- 1. Diwali: It is the most important festival of Hindus. It is also called the festival of lights. People decorate their houses office and shops with candles and 'diyas'. They worship Lakshmi, the goddess of wealth at night. Children play with crackers.
- 2. Holi: It is also the most important festival of Hindus. It is also called the festival of colours. Children throw colours with 'pichkaris'. They put 'gulal' on each other's face. In the evening, people visit one another.
- 3. Dussehra: It is also known as Vijayadashmi. It shows Lord Rama's victory over the demonking *Ravana*. It marks the victory of good over evil.

People in West Bengal celebrate



Diwali



Holi



Dussehra

Durga Puja on this day. It is also celebrated in Bihar and other parts of India.



4. Christmas: It is the most important festival of Christians. It is celebrated on 25th December every year. On this day, Jesus Christ was born. People go to church to pray.



Christmas

- Christmas charols are sung. Christmas trees are decorated. Children wait for gifts from Santa Claus.
- 5. Gurupurva: It is the festival of Sikhs. It marks the birthdays of ten Sikh Gurus. People go to gurudwara to offer *Ardas*. They eat food together in *langar*. *Langar* is common kitchen. Processions are taken out in towns and villages.



Gurupurva

- 6. Eid: It is the most important festival of Muslims. It comes
 - after the month of *Ramzan*. Muslims fast during this whole month. On this day, they offer *namaz* at the *Idgah*. They embrace one another. They give alms to the poor.



Eid

- Festivals provide us joy and happiness.
- Festivals are of two types: National and Religious festivals.



- Diwali is the festival of lights.
- Holi is the festival of colours.



A.	Tic	k (✓) the correct option :			
	1.	Independence Day is celebrated on			
		(a) 15th August (b) 26th January	/ (c	:) 10th August	
	2.	Diwali is also called			
		(a) festival of colours			
		(b) festival of weight			
		(c) festival of lights			
	3.	Santa Claus comes on	_•		
		(a) Christmas (b) Eid	(c	c) Diwali	
B.	Fill	in the blanks with the correct word	:		
	1.	Holi is the festival of			
	2.	Christmas Day is celebrated on		Decembe	er.
	3.	Gurupurva is the festival of	•		
	4.	Eid comes after the month of		•	
	5.	Republic Day is celebrated on		•	
C.	Ma	atch the following columns:			
		'A'		'B'	
	1.	Gandhi Jayanti	(a)	Dussehra	
	2.	Santa Claus	(b)	Holi	
	3.	Crackers	(c)	2nd Octobe	r
	4.	Victory of good over evil	(d)	Christmas	
	5.	Festival of colours	(e)	Diwali	

D. Answer the following questions:

- 1. Why do we celebrate festivals?
- 2. What are the national and religious festivals?
- 3. Who celebrate Eid?
- 4. Who celebrate Gurupurva?
- 5. Write the name of some national festivals.



Write the name of festival these pictures remind you of :















Our School

Chap. 7



After completing this chapter we will be able:

- To know about the importance of school.
- To know about the rooms of school.
- ♦ To know about the people who works in school.



School is a very important building in our neighbourhood. It is a place where do we go to learning new things and study.

Pranav and Ekansh go to the same school. They love their school. There is a big building in our school. There are many classrooms in our school. Our teacher teaches us in the classroom.



I want to tell you a lot of thing about our school.



Principal is the head of the school. There are 1000 students in our school. There are forty teachers, two clerks, peons, librarian, watchmen, etc.





Teachers sit in the staff-room in their free time or halftime.

Staff-room

Our school has a library. We read several story books, magazines, newspapers there. A librarian is the head of the library.





There is a big Library assembly hall in our school. All the functions are held there.

Assembly Hall



There is a computer-room in our school. We learn about computers there.

Computer Room

There is a big playground in our school. We play many games there.

People Who Help in the School

Different people help in the school in different ways.

Gardener: He looks after the garden in the school.



Playground



Gardener



Peon rings the bell. He helps the students and teachers in the school.



Sweeper keeps the school neat and clean.



Aaya clean the classes and take care of the children.

- School is a very important building in our neighbourhood.
- We go to school for study and learn new activities.
- Principal is the head of the school.
- All teachers sit in staff-room in their free time.
- We read books and megazines in library.
- Peon, gardener, sweeper and aaya are the people who help us in school.



A.	Tic	ck (✓) the correct option :	
	1.	Where we go to for study?	
		(a) Temple (b) Market (c) School	
	2.	Who teaches us in the school?	
		(a) Peon (b) Teacher (c) Clerk	
B.	Fill	l in the blanks with the correct word :	
	1.	Principal is the of the school.	
	2.	Librarian is the head of	
	3.	We play in the	
	4.	We learn to draw the	
C.	Wr	rite True or False statements :	
	1.	We go to school in the evening.	
	2.	Teachers teach us how to read and write.	
	3.	A sweeper keeps the school neat and clean.	
	4.	Peon looks after the garden in the school.	

D. Match the following picture with their correct name : 'A' 'B'



(a) Librariar



(b) Principal



(c) Assembly hole



(d) Teacher

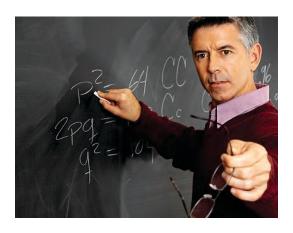
E. Answer the following questions:

- 1. What is the name of your school?
- 2. Who teaches us in the school?
- 3. In which class do you study?
- 4. Write the make of some persons who worked in the school.



➤ What do these people do in the school? Write their work below each picture.















My Classroom

Chap. 73



After completing this chapter we will be able:

- To know about the importance of classroom in the school.
- Things that we kept in our classroom.

As we know that classroom is an important place in the school. We sit in the classroom and study. There are many classrooms in our school.



Hello friends!
I am Satvik. I want to tell you more about our classroom.



My classroom is very big. There are 40 students in my class. There are 15 girls and 25 boys. There are many desks and benches. We sit on the benches. There is a table and a chair for the teacher.

There is a blackboard for our teacher. She/He writes and draws on it with a chalk. We cleans the blackboard with duster. Our classroom has many charts and maps on the wall.

There is a dustbin in one corner. We throw waste papers and pencil shavings in the dustbin. We keep our classroom neat and tidy.

Our classroom is very big.

- Classroom is an important place in the school.
- There is a table and chair for the teacher in our classroom.
- There are many benches and desks. We sit on the benches.
- We keep our school neat and tidy.



Α.	Tick (the	correct	ontion	•
/\·	I I CIX		COLLECT	Option	•

1.	The teacher writes on the	
	(a) blackboard (b) table (c) chair	
2.	We throw waste paper and things into the	
	(a) ground (b) dustbin (c) here and there	
Wr	rite True or False statements :	

1. My classroom is very big.

В.

- 2. There are 40 students in my class
- 3. Teachers write on the blackboard.
- 4. We sit on the benches.
- 5. We throw the waste paper and other things on the floor.



C. Answer the following questions:

- 1. Where do you sit in the classroom?
- 2. How many students are there in your school?
- 3. How do you keep the classroom clean?

ACTIVITY BAG

Which of the following things do we kept in our classroom?
Put a (✓) on it.





Plants World

Chap. 7



After completing this chapter we will be able to know about :

- Different kinds of plants like, trees, shrubs, herbs, very small plants like climbers and creepers.
- Various parts of a plant.

There are thousands different kinds of plants in this world. All plants are not in same sizes and shapes. Some plants are big and others are small. Some are strong and others are weak. Types of Plants

Big Plant-Trees: Very big and strong plants are called trees. They have thick, hard and woody stem. They live for many years. Examples: neem, coconut, mango, banyan, gulmohar and pine are some trees.







Neem Tree

Banyan Tree

Mango Tree

Coconut Tree

Small Plants- Shrubs: Some plants are smaller than trees. They are called shrubs.







Rose

Tulsi Jasmine

They have bushy and woody stem. They live for a few years. Examples: rose, tulsi, jasmine, hibiscus, henna, etc.

Very Small Plants-Herbs: Some plants have a soft, green stem. They are called herbs. Herbs are very weak plants. They live for a few months. Examples: spinach, mint, coriander, wheat, etc.







Spinach Mir

Coriander

Creepers: Weak plants that grow along the ground are called creepers. Examples: pumpkin, watermelon, etc.







Pumpkin

Watermelon

Cucumber

Climbers: Some plants cannot stand straight. They need a support to stand are called climbers. Examples: pea-plant, grapevine, etc.







Pea-plant

Grapevine

Money-plant

Knowledge Corner

 The banana plant is a big plant. But it is not a tree. It is actually a herb. The banana is the biggest herb in the world. Thorny Plants: Some plants have thorns are called thorny plants. They protect the plants from being eaten by animals. Example: cactus and rose plants are thorny plants.





Rose

Cactus

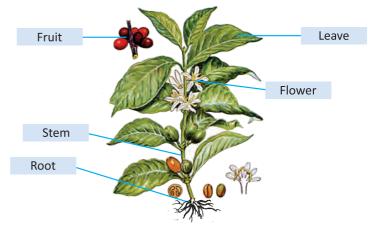
Parts of a Plant

As our body has different parts, a plant also has many parts. They are fruit, stem, root, flower and leaves.

Look at the picture and write the name of all parts of plant.

Knowledge Corner ____

 Plants grow from seeds which are inside the fruit.



Plant from Seeds

Plants have seed in the fruits and new plants grow from seed. Plants need water, air, soil and sunlight to grow.

- Plants are different shapes and sizes.
- Very big and straight plants are called trees.
- Shrubs are small plants than trees.
- Herbs are very small plants.
- Plants that grow along the ground are called herbs.
- Climbers need a support to grow.
- Thorny plants have thorns that protect them from being eaten by animals.
- Fruit, stem, leaves, roots, flower and seed are some parts of a plant.





Α.	lick () the correct option :								
	1.	 Which of the following is a shrub ' 							
		(a) Wheat	(b)	Coco	nut		(c) Tu	lsi	
	2.	Neem is a							
		(a) shrub	(b)	herb			(c) tre	ee	
	3.	Bottle-gourd is	a		·				
		(a) creeper	(b)	tree			(c) he	erb	
	4.	Seed grow into				•			
		(a) leaves		-			(c) ste	em	
	5.	Watermelon is							
		(a) shrub					(c) cre	eeper	
B.	Fill	in the blanks w	ith corre	ect w	ord:				
		water, soil,	herb,	, s	maller,	t	ree,	many	
	1.	The stem of			is called	d tru	nk.		
	2.	Shrubs are		tl	nan tree	es.			
	3.	Trees live for $_$			years.				
	4.	Plants need air,			$__$ and			to	grow.
	5.	The wheat plan	nt is a						
C.	Ma	ntch the following	ng colum	ns:					
		Column 'A'			Colum	n 'B'			
	1.	Thorny plant		(i)	Money	/-pla	nt		
	2.	Shrub		(ii)	Pumpk	kin			
	3.	Herb		(iii)	Rose				
	4.	Creeper		(iv)	Wheat				
	5.	Climber		(v)	Cactus				



	N.I.		r ••		1
U.	Name ¹	tne 1	ruit w	nıch	nas:

One seed

Few seeds

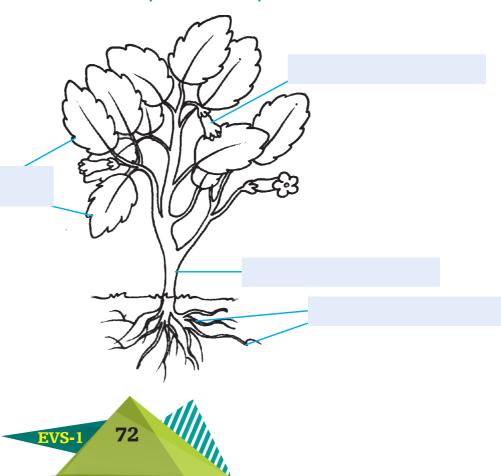
Many seeds

E. Answer the following questions:

- 1. What are trees?
- 2. What are difference between climbers and creepers?
- 3. What type of stems do herbs have?
- 4. Why thorny plants have thorns?



Colour the plant and label all parts of a plant.



Find the name of different parts of a plant in given word search ane write them in given space.

L	Е	Α	V	Е	S	R	P	N	Α	F
L	D	R	O	O	T	Е	S	С	В	R
U	U	W	Z	Q	Е	M	Е	F	Y	U
X	Y	Z	S	P	M	N	Е	L	M	Ι
D	Е	I	M	Р	В	U	D	Р	Α	T

1			
Ι.			



Useful Plants

Chap. 75



After completing this chapter we will be able to know about :

The plants that provide us different kinds of things like fruit, vegetables, dry-fruits, spices, oil, foodgrain, pulses etc.

Plants are our green friends. They give us many useful things like oxygen, medicines, wood and food to eat.

Paste the pictures of things that we get from plants.

We get food from different parts of plant.

Fruits: Fruits are eaten raw. Plants give us fruits. We eat whole fruit or we squeeze the fruits and drink its juice.



Papaya



Banana



Apple



Mango

Vegetables: We get vegetables from different parts of plant like root, stem, leaves, fruit and flower.

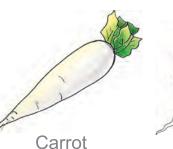
Knowledge Corner

• An apple tree lives for 100 years.



Roots: We eat root of some plants, like carrot, radish, turnip etc.







Radish

Stems: We eat the stem of some plants like potato, sugarcane and ginger.





Potato

Ginger

Leaves: We also eat leaves of some plants like cabbage, spinach, mint, coriander etc.

Fruits: We also eat fruits of some plants as









Cabbage

Mint

Coriander

vegetable like tomato, cucumber, bottlegourd etc.

Flowers: We also eat flowers of some plants as vegetables.



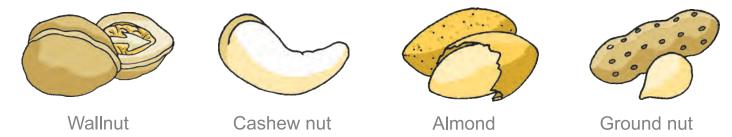


Broccoli

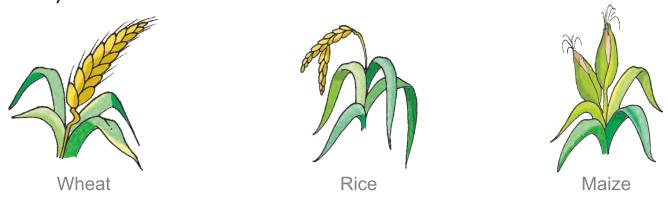
Cauliflower

Dryfruits: Some fruits are eaten. When they got hard and dry. They are called dryfruits. We remove the hard shell and

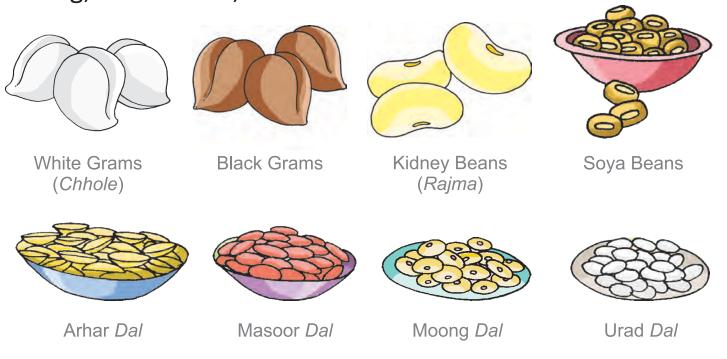
eat the nuts. Example: wallnut, cashew nut, almond, ground nut, etc.



Cereals and Pulses: The seeds of plants which we eat as food are called cereals. Some seeds are also called as pulses. Wheat, rice and maize are cereals which we eat.



Gram, beans, kidney beans and *dals* are pulses. Arhar, moong, masoor etc., are common *dals*.



Coffee, Cocoa, Tea and Sugar: Coffee, cocoa, tea are the drinks. They are called beverages. We get coffee, cocoa and tea from leaves of plants. They all are beverages.

Sugar is made from sugarcane. It is a stem.



Spices: We add spices in our food to give taste, colour and smell. Some spices are mustard seeds (rai), cumin seeds (jeera), cardamom (elaichi), red chillies, coriander (dhania).



Knowledge Corner

• Neem is a medicinal plant. Mint plant also has medicinal value.

Oil: We get oil from seeds of some plants. Mustard, groundnut and sunflower are some of them.





We get many things from plants like food, fruit, spices, dry-fruits, cereals, pulses and oil, etc.



We eat some parts of plants like leaves, stem, flower and seed.

- Some fruits are eaten when they get hard and dry.
 They are called dryfruits.
- We get cooking oil from plants.
- Spices make our food tasty and colourfull.



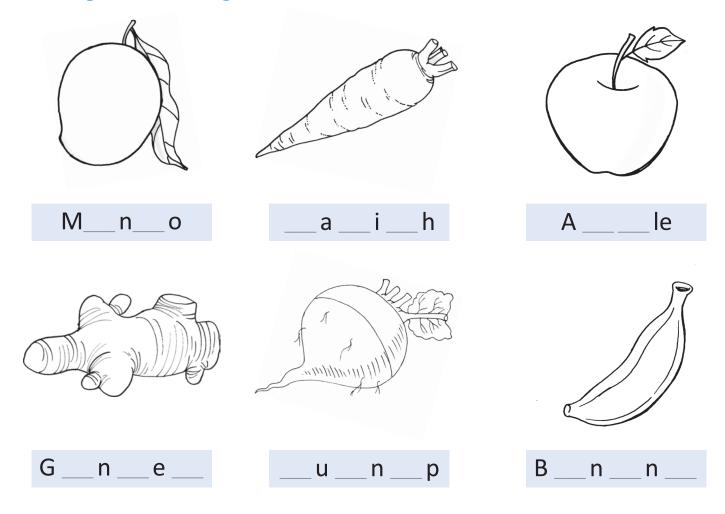
Α.	. Tick (V) the correct option.							
	1.	The leaves that we eat are of						
		(a)	carrot		(b) potat	0	(c) spina	ch
	2.	. Almond is a						
		(a)	fruit		(b) cerea	ls	(c) dry fr	uit
	3.	Со	coa and c	offee ar	e the bev	erages ol	otained fron	n
		(a)	leaves		(b) stems	5	(c) seeds	5
В.	Fill	l in t	he blanks	s with co	rrect wo	rd:		
	juic	e,	coffee,	fruits,	seeds,	spices,	almond,	wallnut
	1.	W	e use coco	oa to ma	ke		•	
	2.	W	e squeeze	the		and di	rink its	
	3.	Ce	reals and	pulses a	re called		•	

	4.	We add in our food t	o make it tas	sty.
	5.	anda	are dry fruits	S.
C.	Wr	rite True or False statements :		
	1.	Fruits are eaten raw.		
	2.	We eat flower of radish plant.	-	
	3.	Some seeds are also called cereals.	-	
	4.	Spices make our food tasty and colo	urfull	
D.	Ma	atch the following columns:		
	1.	Cumin seeds, turmeric and clove are	e (i)	pulses
	2.	Corn, barley, rice and wheat are	(ii)	vegetables
	3.	Peach, grapes, mango are	(iii)	spices
	4.	Carrot, radish, potato are	(iv)	cereals
	5.	Rajama, chana and moong dal are	(v)	fruits
E.	Wr	rite the name of any two:		
	1.	Roots we eat		
	2.	Leaves we eat		
	3.	Fruit we eat		
	4.	Flower we eat		
F.	An	swer the following questions:		
	1.	What do plants give us?		

- 2. What do you mean by cereals?
- 3. What are beverages? Name them.
- 4. Why do we use spices in our food?



Fill the colours in fruits and vegetable. Complete their name filling with missing letters.





Unit 5 : Animals World Kinds of Animals

Chap.

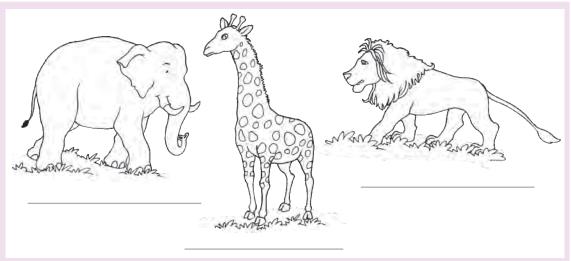


After completing this chapter we will be able to know about:

- to identify different kinds of animals.
- the movement and their sizes and shapes.
- the proper take care of domestic and pet animals.

We see different types of animals around us. They are of different shapes and size. Giraffe, elephant, zebra, kangaroo, bear and lion are big animals. Cat, rabbit, squirrel are small animals.

Colour the pictures of a n i m a l s g i v e n below and write their name also:

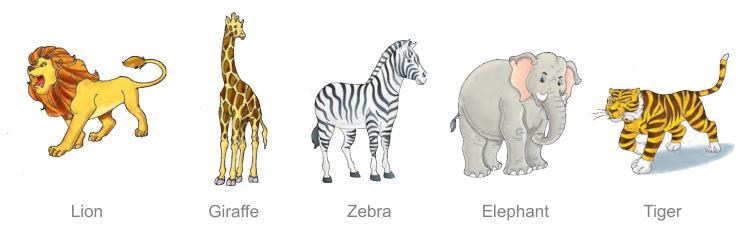


Wild Animals

The animals that live in forest are called wild animals. Example: lion, giraffe, zebra, elephant, tiger and fox.

Knowledge Corner

- ◆ Giraffe is the tallest animal.
 ◆ Elephant is the biggest animal on land.
- Blue whale is biggest animal on the Earth.



Domestic Animals

Animals that live near our house or on farms are called domestic animals. Some domestic animals give us food and other useful things.



Pet Animals

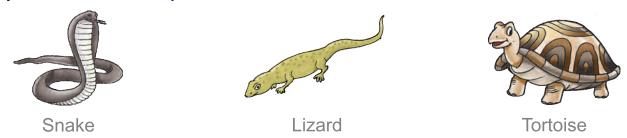
Animals like dog, cat, rabbit, cow live in or around our home. They are called pet animals. We should treat our pet with love and care. We should:

- give them clean water to drink and food to eat.
- keep them clean.
- provide a good shelter for them.
- never tease or hurt them.



Reptiles

Animals that crawl and have scales or hard shells on their body are called reptiles.



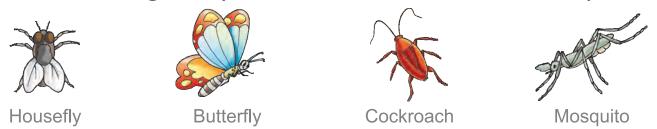
Birds

Birds are the animals that can fly, with the help of wings and feathers. Birds eat food with their beak. Most of the birds live on trees. They build nests to lay eggs.



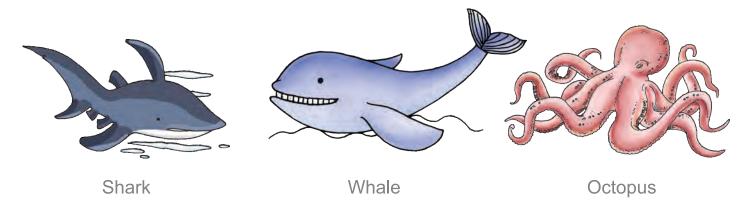
Most of the birds can fly but ostrich, penguin, kiwi cannot fly. Insects

All insects are very small animals. They have six legs. Some insects have wings to fly. Some insects like ant cannot fly.



Where do Animals Live?

Some animals like fish, octopus, whale live in water. They are called water animals.



Some animals like horse, dog, cow, lion, elephant live on land are called land animals.



Some animals like frog, tortoise, duck and crocodile live both on land and in water. They are called Amphibians.



- Animals are of different sizes and shapes.
- Wild animals live in forests.
- Domestic animals live in near our houses and farms.
- Domestic animals give us food and other useful things.
- Animals that crawl and have scales or hard shells on their body are called reptiles.
- Birds can fly with the help of wings and feathers.
- All insects have six legs.



A.	Tic	k (✔) the correct option :		
	1.	The octopus is an example of a	animal.	
		(a) pet (b) land	(c) water	
	2.	Animals that live in or around ou	r home are called _	
		(a) water animals	(b) pet anim	nals 🦳
		(c) domestic animals		
	3.	Most of the insects have	legs.	
		(a) two (b) four		
B.	Fill	in the blanks with correct word		
		snake, wild, beak, ant,	ostrich, penguin	
	1.	Animals that live in forests are of	called	animals.
	2.	Birds eat the food with the help	of their	•
	3.	is an insect that ca	nnot fly.	
	4.	and a	ire two birds that c	annot fly.
	5.	is an animal that ha	as scales on their bo	ody.
C.	Wr	ite True or False statements :		
	1.	Rabbit is a pet animal.		
	2.	The animals that live in forest are	called wild animals	5.
	3.	Elephant is the biggest animal of	on land.	
	4.	Butterfly cannot fly.		
	5.	Cow and buffalow are the wild a	animals.	
D.	Ma	atch the following coloumns:	×.	
		Domestic anii	mal	
		VA/:Lal. a value a		
		Wild anima		<i>-</i> •
		Pet anima		
		Tet amma		5
		EVS-1 85		

E. Answer the following questions:

- 1. What is the difference between wild and domestic animals?
- 2. What are reptiles?
- 3. What are insects? Name three insects.
- 4. Name two useful animals and write their uses.
- 5. How should we treat pet and domestic animals?



Look at the given pictures and find their name in given word search. Write them in given space :g













1 L	-1	0	N		² H ⁸	0	³ R	S	⁴ E	⁵ S
-1	R	6 C	0	W	Ε	W	Α	Z	L	Р
Z	Z	Т	-1	Р	Ν	Q	В	R	Е	Α
Α	¹³ D	0	G	Α	S	D	В	F	Р	R
R	M	Р	L	K	J	" F	-1	S	Н	R
D	N	U	U	W	D	Α	Т	L	Α	0
N	R	¹² S	N	Α	K	Е	Т	V	N	W
9 P	Е	N	G	U	-1	N	L	D	Т	N
Q	0	L	Р	S	Н	D	Е	W	Χ	Υ
¹⁰ C	0	С	K	R	0	Α	С	Н		Z















Project Bag

Collect some pictures of different kinds of animals. Paste them on a chart paper. Also write that they are wild, domestic, pet, insects, reptiles, bird and amphibians.

Test Paper-2

Based on chapter 9to 16

A.	Tic	k (\checkmark) the correc	t option :		
	1.	We go to study	in a	•	
		(a) school	(b) market	(c) post office	
	2.	Who brings our	letters?		
		(a) Policeman	(b) Postman	(c) Peon	
	3.	Santa Claus con	nes on	•	
		(a) Eid	(b) Christmas D	ay	
		(c) Holi			
	4.	Who teaches us	s at school?		
		(a) Teacher	(b) Principal	(c) Peon	
	5.	Teacher writes	on the	•	
		(a) blackboard	(b) table	(c) wall	
	6.	If we are wrong	g, we should say	•	
		(a) thank you	(b) excuse me	(c) sorry	
	7.	Red light means	S	_•	
		(a) stop	(b) ready	(c) go	
	8.	If we get somet	ching, we should say	/	
		(a) thank you	(b) sorry	(c) nothing	
	9.	We should thro	w waste things in tl	ne	
				(c) here and there	
	10.			າ	
		(a) 15th August	(b) 26th Januar	y 🦳 (c) 2nd October	
B.	Fill	in the blanks:			
	1.	Ludo is an	game	2.	
	2.	Holi is the festiv	<i>v</i> al of	•	

	3.	We play in the		•				
	4.	Health is	•					
		Milk is the		food.				
C.	Wr	rite True or False against ea	ach s	tatement :				
	1.	Doctors weave clothes.						
	2.	We go to school in the ev	enin	g				
	3.	We sit on the benches.						
	4.	We should not eat much	food					
	5.	Earlyman made his tools	of ire	on				
D.	Ma	atch the following:						
		'A'		'B'				
	1.	Please	(a)	cross the road.				
	2.	Thank you	(b)	when you ask for something				
	3.	Good morning	(c)	when you get				
				something from somebody.				
	4.	Sorry	(d)	say in the morning.				
	5.	Zebra crossing	(e)	when you are wrong.				
E.	An	swer the following questions :						
	1.	Name any two indoor gar	nes					
		(a)		(b)				
	2.	Who makes the wooden	furni	ture?				
	3.	How many students are t	here	in your school?				
	4.	Who teaches you good ha	abits	at school?				
	5.	What do you mean by the	e rec	light?				